# **Performance Engineering using MVAPICH and TAU**

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SC18 Talk
The Ohio State University Booth (#4404)
Wednesday, November 14, 2018, 2pm - 2:30pm
http://tau.uoregon.edu/tau\_osu\_sc18.pdf





#### **Outline**

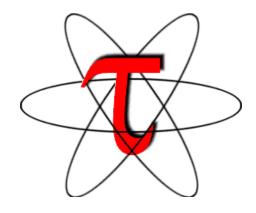
- Introduction
- The MPI Tools Interfaces and Benefits
- Integrating TAU and MVAPICH2 with MPI\_T
- Use Cases
- TAU Performance System®



# **Acknowledgments**

- The MVAPICH2 team The Ohio State University
  - http://mvapich.cse.ohio-state.edu
- TAU team at the University of Oregon
  - http://tau.uoregon.edu







# **TAU Performance System**®

- Tuning and Analysis Utilities (22+ year project)
- Comprehensive performance profiling and tracing
  - Integrated, scalable, flexible, portable
  - Targets all parallel programming/execution paradigms

#### Integrated performance toolkit

- Instrumentation, measurement, analysis, visualization
- Widely-ported performance profiling / tracing system
- Performance data management and data mining
- Open source (BSD-style license)
- Uses performance and control variables to interface with MVAPICH2
- Integrates with application frameworks
- http://tau.uoregon.edu





# **Understanding Application Performance using TAU**

- **How much time** is spent in each application routine and outer *loops*? Within loops, what is the contribution of each *statement*?
- How many instructions are executed in these code regions?
   Floating point, Level 1 and 2 data cache misses, hits, branches taken?
- What is the memory usage of the code? When and where is memory allocated/deallocated? Are there any memory leaks?
- What are the I/O characteristics of the code? What is the peak read and write bandwidth of individual calls, total volume?
- What is the contribution of each *phase* of the program? What is the time wasted/spent waiting for collectives, and I/O operations in Initialization, Computation, I/O phases?
- **How does the application** *scale*? What is the efficiency, runtime breakdown of performance across different core counts?
- How can I tune MPI for better performance? What performance and control does MVAPICH2 export to observe and control its performance?



# **Overview of the MVAPICH2 Project**

High Performance open-source MPI Library for InfiniBand, Omni-Path, Ethernet/iWARP, and RDMA over Converged Ethernet (RoCE)

- MVAPICH (MPI-1), MVAPICH2 (MPI-2.2 and MPI-3.1), Started in 2001, First version available in 2002
- MVAPICH2-X (MPI + PGAS), Available since 2011
- Support for GPGPUs (MVAPICH2-GDR) and MIC (MVAPICH2-MIC), Available since 2014
- Support for Virtualization (MVAPICH2-Virt), Available since 2015
- Support for Energy-Awareness (MVAPICH2-EA), Available since 2015
- Support for InfiniBand Network Analysis and Monitoring (OSU INAM) since 2015
- Used by more than 2,925 organizations in 86 countries
- More than 481,000 (> 0.48 million) downloads from the OSU site directly
- Empowering many TOP500 clusters (Jun '18 ranking)
  - 2nd, 10,649,600-core (Sunway TaihuLight) at National Supercomputing Center in Wuxi, China
  - 12th, 556,104 cores (Oakforest-PACS) in Japan
  - 15th, 367,024 cores (Stampede2) at TACC
  - 24th, 241,108-core (Pleiades) at NASA
  - 62nd, 76,032-core (Tsubame 2.5) at Tokyo Institute of Technology
- Available with software stacks of many vendors and Linux Distros (RedHat and SuSE)
- http://mvapich.cse.ohio-state.edu

**Empowering Top500 systems for over a decade** 





2001-2018

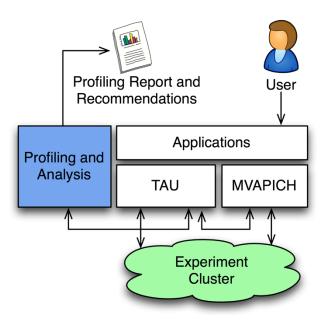


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- Use Cases
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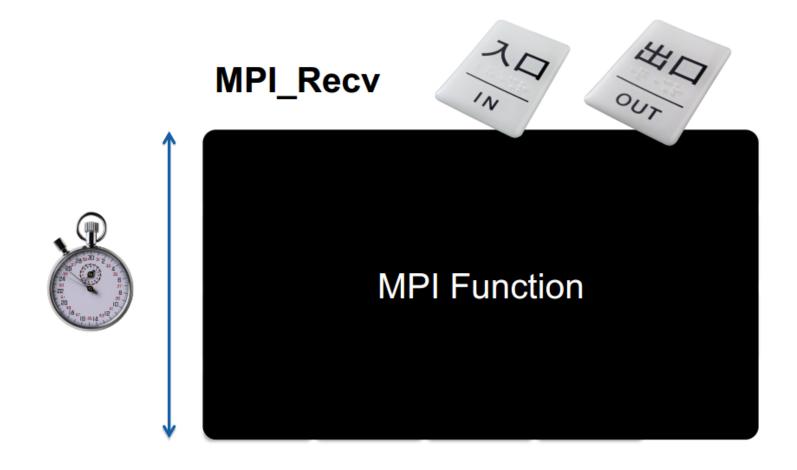
#### **MVAPICH2** and TAU



- TAU and MVAPICH2 are enhanced with the ability to generate recommendations and engineering performance report
- MPI libraries like MVAPICH2 are now "reconfigurable" at runtime
- TAU and MVAPICH2 communicate using the MPI-T interface



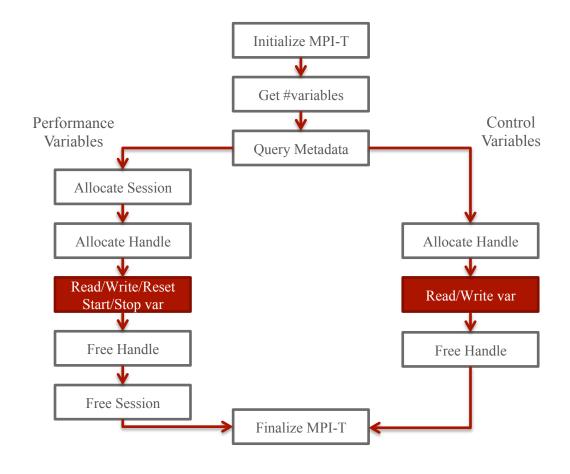
# Why PMPI is not good enough?



Takes a "black box" view of the MPI library



# MPI\_T usage semantics



inint MPI pVarcyart (get info intesyar sindex, what \*pamenint hange len, int \*verbosity, int MPI I pvar handle alloc(MPI I pvar session session int pvar index, index, int MPI I pvar reset(MVOID pvar session int pvar index, int \*count); int MPI T pvar reset(MVOID pvar session desc, int desc, int desc, int desc, int bind, int \*scope);



### MPI\_T support with MVAPICH2

- Support performance variables (PVAR)
  - Variables to track different components within the MPI library
- Initial support for Control Variables (CVAR)
  - Variables to modify the behavior of MPI Library

#### Memory Usage:

- current level
- maximum watermark

#### InfiniBand N/W:

- #control packets
- #out-of-order packets

#### Pt-to-pt messages:

- unexpected queue length
- unexp. match attempts
  - recvq. length

#### Registration cache:

- hits
- misses

#### Shared-memory:

- limic/ CMA
- buffer pool size & usage

#### Collective ops:

- comm. creation
- #algorithm invocations [Bcast – 8; Gather – 10]



### **Co-designing Applications to use MPI-T**

Example Pseudo-code: Optimizing the eager limit dynamically:

```
MPI_T_init_thread(..)

MPI_T_cvar_get_info(MV2_EAGER_THRESHOLD)

if (msg_size < MV2_EAGER_THRESHOLD + 1KB)

MPI_T_cvar_write(MV2_EAGER_THRESHOLD, +1024)

MPI_Send(..)

MPI_T_finalize(..)
```

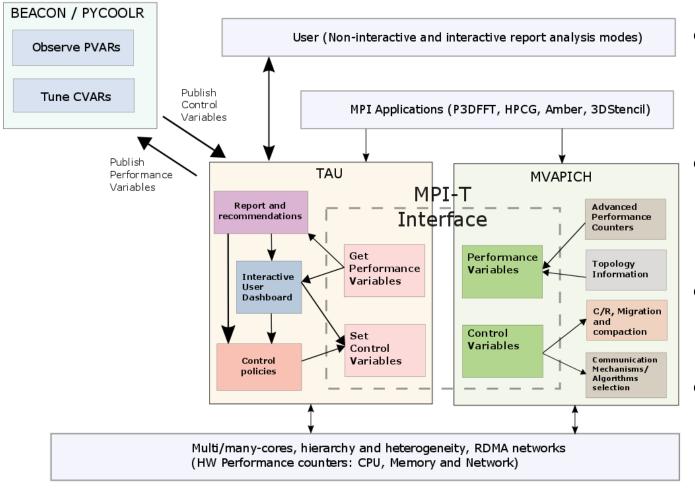


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# Interacting TAU with MVAPICH2 through MPI\_T Interface

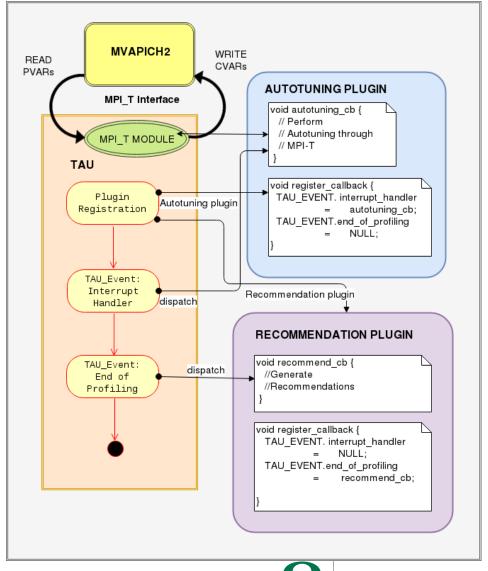


- Enhance existing support for MPI\_T in MVAPICH2 to expose a richer set of performance and control variables
- Get and display MPI Performance
   Variables (PVARs) made available by the runtime in TAU
- Control the runtime's behavior via MPI Control Variables (CVARs)
- Add support to MVAPICH2 and TAU for interactive performance engineering sessions



# Plugin-based Infrastructure for Non-Interactive Tuning

- Performance data collected by TAU
  - Support for PVARs and CVARs
  - Setting CVARs to control MVAPICH2
  - Studying performance data in TAU's ParaProf profile browser
  - Multiple plugins available for
    - Tuning application at runtime and
    - Generate post-run recommendations



# **Enhancing MPI\_T Support**

- Introduced support for new MPI\_T based CVARs to MVAPICH2
  - MPIR\_CVAR\_MAX\_INLINE\_MSG\_SZ
    - Controls the message size up to which "inline" transmission of data is supported by MVAPICH2
  - MPIR\_CVAR\_VBUF\_POOL\_SIZE
    - Controls the number of internal communication buffers (VBUFs)
       MVAPICH2 allocates initially. Also,
       MPIR\_CVAR\_VBUF\_POOL\_REDUCED\_VALUE[1] ([2...n])
  - MPIR\_CVAR\_VBUF\_SECONDARY\_POOL\_SIZE
    - Controls the number of VBUFs MVAPICH2 allocates when there are no more free VBUFs available
  - MPIR\_CVAR\_IBA\_EAGER\_THRESHOLD
    - Controls the message size where MVAPICH2 switches from eager to rendezvous protocol for large messages
- TAU enhanced with support for setting MPI\_T CVARs in a non-interactive mode for uninstrumented applications



### **MVAPICH2**

- Several new MPI\_T based PVARs added to MVAPICH2
  - mv2\_vbuf\_max\_use, mv2\_total\_vbuf\_memory etc
- Enhanced TAU with support for tracking of MPI\_T PVARs and CVARs for uninstrumented applications
  - ParaProf, TAU's visualization front end, enhanced with support for displaying PVARs and CVARs
  - TAU provides tau\_exec, a tool to transparently instrument MPI routines
    - Uninstrumented:% mpirun –np 1024 ./a.out
    - Instrumented:% mpirun –np 1024 tau\_exec [options] ./a.out% paraprof



# **PVARs Exposed by MVAPICH2**

Ontions Helm	X TAU: ParaProf Manager									
File Options Help										
<ul> <li>Applications</li> </ul>	TrialField	Value								
	MPI_T PVAR[0]: mem_allocated	Current level of allocated memory within the MPI library								
r ⊑ Default App	MPI_T PVAR[10]: mv2_num_2level_comm_success	Number of successful 2-level comm creations								
r □ Default Exp	MPI_T PVAR[11]: mv2_num_shmem_coll_calls	Number of times MV2 shared-memory collective calls were invoked								
r → lulesh.ppk	MPI_T PVAR[12]: mpit_progress_poll	CH3 RDMA progress engine polling count								
└ • TIME	MPI_T PVAR[13]: mv2_smp_read_progress_poll	CH3 SMP read progress engine polling count								
	MPI_T PVAR[14]: mv2_smp_write_progress_poll	CH3 SMP write progress engine polling count								
	MPI_T PVAR[15]: mv2_smp_read_progress_poll_success	Unsucessful CH3 SMP read progress engine polling count								
	MPI_T PVAR[16]: mv2_smp_write_progress_poll_succ	Unsucessful CH3 SMP write progress engine polling count								
	MPI_T PVAR[17]: rdma_ud_retransmissions	CH3 RDMA UD retransmission count								
	MPI_T PVAR[18]: mv2_coll_bcast_binomial	Number of times MV2 binomial bcast algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[19]: mv2_coll_bcast_scatter_doubling_all	Number of times MV2 scatter+double allgather bcast algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[1]: mem_allocated	Maximum level of memory ever allocated within the MPI library								
		Number of times MV2 scatter+ring allgather bcast algorithm was invoked								
		Number of times MV2 scatter+ring allgather shm bcast algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[22]: mv2_coll_bcast_shmem	Number of times MV2 shmem bcast algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[23]: mv2_coll_bcast_knomial_internode	Number of times MV2 knomial internode bcast algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[24]: mv2_coll_bcast_knomial_intranode	Number of times MV2 knomial intranode bcast algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[25]: mv2_coll_bcast_mcast_internode	Number of times MV2 mcast internode bcast algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[26]: mv2_coll_bcast_pipelined	Number of times MV2 pipelined bcast algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[27]: mv2_coll_alltoall_inplace	Number of times MV2 in-place alltoall algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[28]: mv2_coll_alltoall_bruck	Number of times MV2 brucks alltoall algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[29]: mv2_coll_alltoall_rd	Number of times MV2 recursive-doubling alltoall algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[2]: num_malloc_calls	Number of MPIT_malloc calls								
	MPI_T PVAR[30]: mv2_coll_alltoall_sd	Number of times MV2 scatter-destination alltoall algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[31]: mv2_coll_alltoall_pw	Number of times MV2 pairwise alltoall algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[32]: mpit_alltoallv_mv2_pw	Number of times MV2 pairwise alltoally algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[33]: mv2_coll_allreduce_shm_rd	Number of times MV2 shm rd allreduce algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[34]: mv2_coll_allreduce_shm_rs	Number of times MV2 shm rs allreduce algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[35]: mv2_coll_allreduce_shm_intra	Number of times MV2 shm intra allreduce algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[36]: mv2_coll_allreduce_intra_p2p	Number of times MV2 intra p2p allreduce algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[37]: mv2_coll_allreduce_2lvl	Number of times MV2 two-level allreduce algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[38]: mv2_coll_allreduce_shmem	Number of times MV2 shmem allreduce algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[39]: mv2_coll_allreduce_mcast	Number of times MV2 multicast-based allreduce algorithm was invoked								
	MPI_T PVAR[3]: num_calloc_calls	Number of MPIT_calloc calls								
	MPI_T PVAR[40]: mv2_reg_cache_hits	Number of registration cache hits								
	MPI_T PVAR[41]: mv2_reg_cache_misses	Number of registration cache misses								
	MPI_T PVAR[42]: mv2_vbuf_allocated	Number of VBUFs allocated								
	MPI_T PVAR[43]: mv2_vbuf_allocated_array	Number of VBUFs allocated								
	MPI_T PVAR[44]: mv2_vbuf_freed	Number of VBUFs freed								
	MPI_T PVAR[45]: mv2_ud_vbuf_allocated	Number of UD VBUFs allocated								
	MPI_T PVAR[46]: mv2_ud_vbuf_freed	Number of UD VBUFs freed								
	MPI_T PVAR[47]: mv2_vbuf_free_attempts	Number of time we attempted to free VBUFs								
		Average time for number of times we sucessfully freed VBUFs								
		Average time for number of times we sucessfully freed VBUFs								
	MPI_T PVAR[4]: num_memalign_calls	Number of MPIT_memalign calls								
		Average time for number of times we allocated VBUFs								
<b>▼</b>	MPI_T PVAR[51]: mv2_vbuf_allocate_time	Average time for number of times we allocated VBUFs								



# **CVARs Exposed by MVAPICH2**

• • •		X TAU: ParaProf Manager					
ile Options Help							
Applications	TrialField	Value					
standard Applications	Local Time	2016-08-16T10:11:04-07:00					
r □ Default App	MPI Processor Name	cerberus.nic.uoregon.edu					
← 🗂 Default Exp	MPIR_CVAR_ABORT_ON_LEAKED_HANDLES	If true, MPI will call MPI_Abort at MPI_Finalize if any MPI object handles have been leaked. For example,					
→ Julesh.ppk	MPIR CVAR ALLGATHERV PIPELINE MSG SIZE	The smallest message size that will be used for the pipelined, large-message, ring algorithm in the MPI					
- ● TIME	MPIR CVAR ALLGATHER LONG MSG SIZE	For MPI Allgather and MPI Allgathery, the long message algorithm will be used if the send buffer size is .					
🗈 Default (jdbc:h2:/home	MPIR_CVAR_ALLGATHER_SHORT_MSG_SIZE	For MPI Allgather and MPI Allgathery, the short message algorithm will be used if the send buffer size is.					
	MPIR_CVAR_ALLREDUCE_SHORT_MSG_SIZE	the short message algorithm will be used if the send buffer size is <= this value (in bytes)					
	MPIR_CVAR_ALLTOALL_MEDIUM_MSG_SIZE	the medium message algorithm will be used if the per-destination message size (sendcount*size(sendtyp.					
	MPIR_CVAR_ALLTOALL_SHORT_MSG_SIZE	the short message algorithm will be used if the per-destination message size (sendcount*size(sendtype))					
	MPIR_CVAR_ALLTOALL_THROTTLE	max no. of irecvs/isends posted at a time in some alltoall algorithms. Setting it to 0 causes all irecvs/isen.					
	MPIR_CVAR_ASYNC_PROGRESS	If set to true, MPICH will initiate an additional thread to make asynchronous progress on all communicati.					
	MPIR_CVAR_BCAST_LONG_MSG_SIZE	Let's define short messages as messages with size < MPIR_CVAR_BCAST_SHORT_MSG_SIZE, and mediu					
	MPIR_CVAR_BCAST_MIN_PROCS	Let's define short messages as messages with size < MPIR_CVAR_BCAST_SHORT_MSG_SIZE, and mediu					
	MPIR_CVAR_BCAST_SHORT_MSG_SIZE	Let's define short messages as messages with size < MPIR_CVAR_BCAST_SHORT_MSG_SIZE, and mediu					
	MPIR_CVAR_CH3_EAGER_MAX_MSG_SIZE	This cvar controls the message size at which CH3 switches from eager to rendezvous mode.					
	MPIR_CVAR_CH3_ENABLE_HCOLL	If true, enable HCOLL collectives.					
	MPIR_CVAR_CH3_INTERFACE_HOSTNAME	If non-NULL, this cvar specifies the IP address that other processes should use when connecting to this pr					
	MPIR_CVAR_CH3_NOLOCAL	If true, force all processes to operate as though all processes are located on another node. For example,					
	MPIR_CVAR_CH3_ODD_EVEN_CLIQUES	If true, odd procs on a node are seen as local to each other, and even procs on a node are seen as local t					
	MPIR_CVAR_CH3_PORT_RANGE	The MPIR_CVAR_CH3_PORT_RANGE environment variable allows you to specify the range of TCP ports .					
	MPIR_CVAR_CH3_RMA_ACC_IMMED	Use the immediate accumulate optimization					
	MPIR_CVAR_CH3_RMA_GC_NUM_COMPLETED	Threshold for the number of completed requests the runtime finds before it stops trying to find more co					
	MPIR_CVAR_CH3_RMA_GC_NUM_TESTED	Threshold for the number of RMA requests the runtime tests before it stops trying to check more reques.					
	MPIR_CVAR_CH3_RMA_LOCK_IMMED	Issue a request for the passive target RMA lock immediately. Default behavior is to defer the lock reque					
	MPIR_CVAR_CH3_RMA_MERGE_LOCK_OP_UNLOCK	Enable/disable an optimization that merges lock, op, and unlock messages, for single-operation passive ta					
	MPIR_CVAR_CH3_RMA_NREQUEST_NEW_THRESHOLD						
	MPIR_CVAR_CH3_RMA_NREQUEST_THRESHOLD	Threshold at which the RMA implementation attempts to complete requests while completing RMA oper.					
	MPIR_CVAR_CHOP_ERROR_STACK	If >0, truncate error stack output lines this many characters wide. If 0, do not truncate, and if <0 use a .					
	MPIR_CVAR_COLL_ALIAS_CHECK	Enable checking of aliasing in collective operations					
	MPIR_CVAR_COMM_SPLIT_USE_QSORT	Use qsort(3) in the implementation of MPI_Comm_split instead of bubble sort.					
	MPIR_CVAR_CTXID_EAGER_SIZE	The MPIR_CVAR_CTXID_EAGER_SIZE environment variable allows you to specify how many words in th.					
	MPIR_CVAR_DEBUG_HOLD	If true, causes processes to wait in MPI_Init and MPI_Initthread for a debugger to be attached. Once the					
	MPIR_CVAR_DEFAULT_THREAD_LEVEL	Sets the default thread level to use when using MPI_INIT.					
	MPIR_CVAR_DUMP_PROVIDERS	If true, dump provider information at init					
	MPIR_CVAR_ENABLE_COLL_FT_RET	DEPRECATED! Will be removed in MPICH-3.2 Collectives called on a communicator with a failed process.					
	MPIR_CVAR_ENABLE_SMP_ALLREDUCE	Enable SMP aware allreduce.					
	MPIR_CVAR_ENABLE_SMP_BARRIER	Enable SMP aware barrier.					
	MPIR_CVAR_ENABLE_SMP_BCAST	Enable SMP aware broadcast (See also: MPIR_CVAR_MAX_SMP_BCAST_MSG_SIZE)					
	MPIR_CVAR_ENABLE_SMP_COLLECTIVES	Enable SMP aware collective communication.					
	MPIR_CVAR_ENABLE_SMP_REDUCE	Enable SMP aware reduce.					
	MPIR_CVAR_ERROR_CHECKING	If true, perform checks for errors, typically to verify valid inputs to MPI routines. Only effective when M.					
	MPIR_CVAR_GATHERV_INTER_SSEND_MIN_PROCS	Use Ssend (synchronous send) for intercommunicator MPI_Gatherv if the "group B" size is >= this value.					
	MPIR_CVAR_GATHER_INTER_SHORT_MSG_SIZE	use the short message algorithm for intercommunicator MPI_Gather if the send buffer size is < this value					
	MPIR_CVAR_GATHER_VSMALL_MSG_SIZE	use a temporary buffer for intracommunicator MPI_Gather if the send buffer size is < this value (in bytes.					
	MPIR_CVAR_IBA_EAGER_THRESHOLD	0 (old) -> 204800 (new), This set the switch point between eager and rendezvous protocol					
	MPIR_CVAR_MAX_INLINE_SIZE	This set the maximum inline size for data transfer					
	MPIR_CVAR_MAX_SMP_ALLREDUCE_MSG_SIZE	Maximum message size for which SMP-aware allreduce is used. A value of '0' uses SMP-aware allreduce					



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  - Designing Dynamic and Adaptive MPI Point-to-point Protocols
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# **Point-to-point Communication Protocols in MPI**

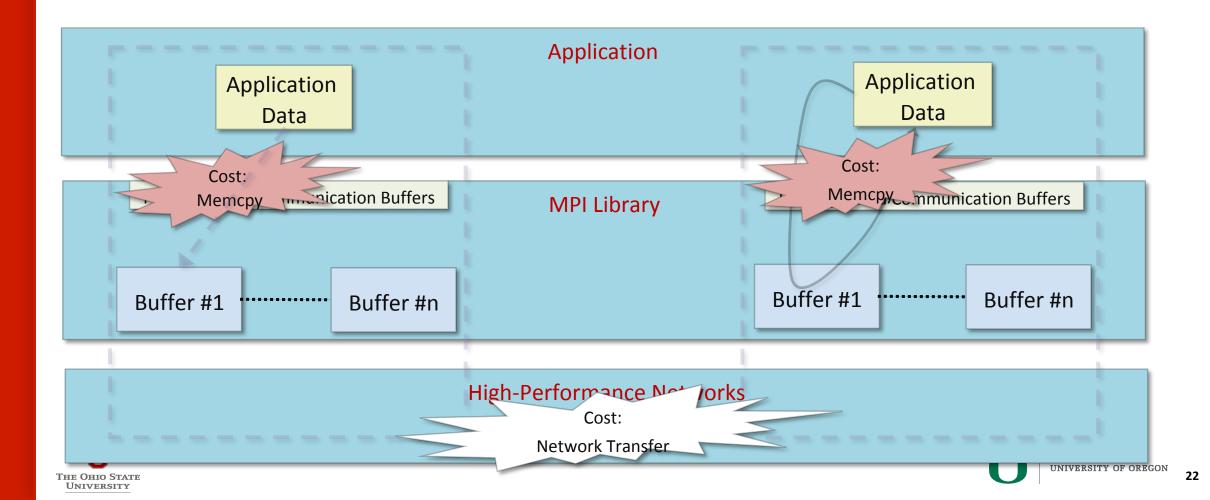
- Eager Protocol
  - Best communication performance for smaller messages
- Rendezvous Protocol
  - Best communication performance for larger messages



# **Analyzing Communication Costs of Point-to-point Protocols**

#### Eager Protocol

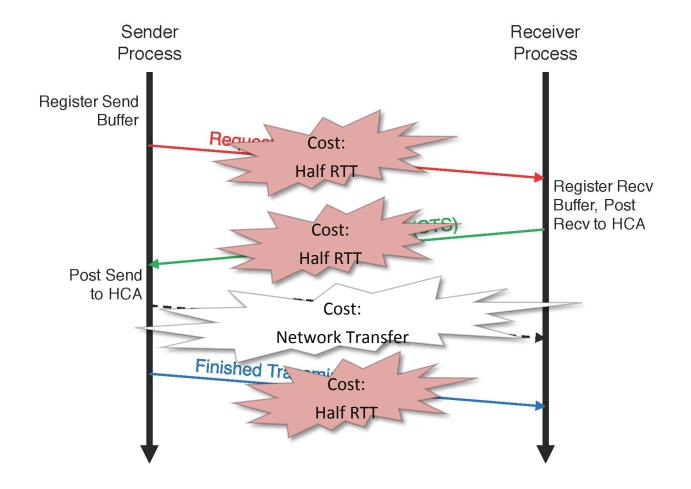
Best communication performance for smaller messages



# **Analyzing Communication Costs of Point-to-point Protocols (Cont.)**

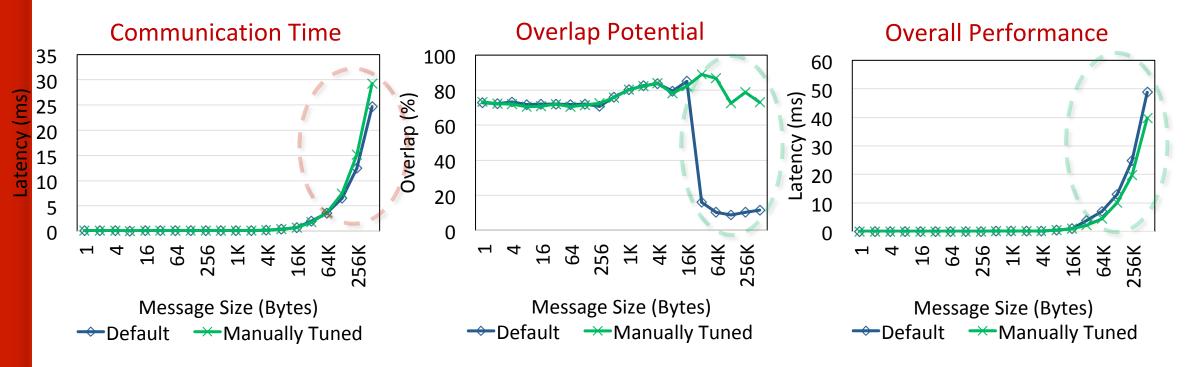
#### Rendezvous Protocol

Best communication performance for larger messages





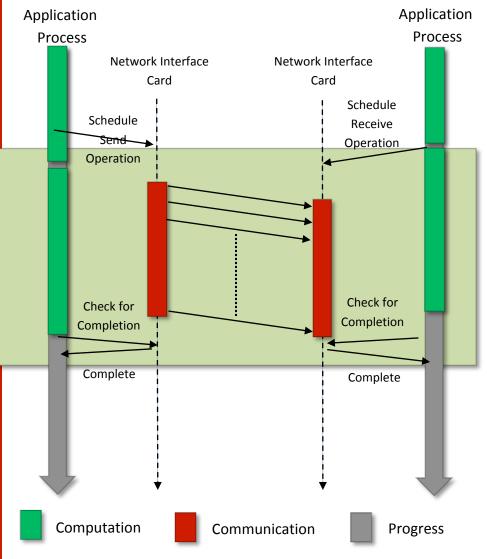
# **Studying the Performance and Overlap of 3D Stencil Benchmark**



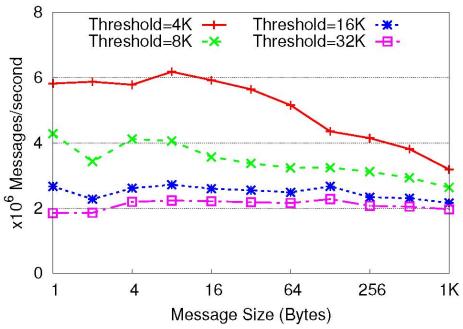
- Default: Uses eager protocol for small messages and rendezvous for large
- Manually Tuned: Forces the use of eager for all message sizes
- Manually Tuned has degradation in raw communication performance
- Manually Tuned has significant benefits for overlap
- Manually Tuned better for overall application execution time



### **Analyzing Overlap Potential of Eager Protocol**



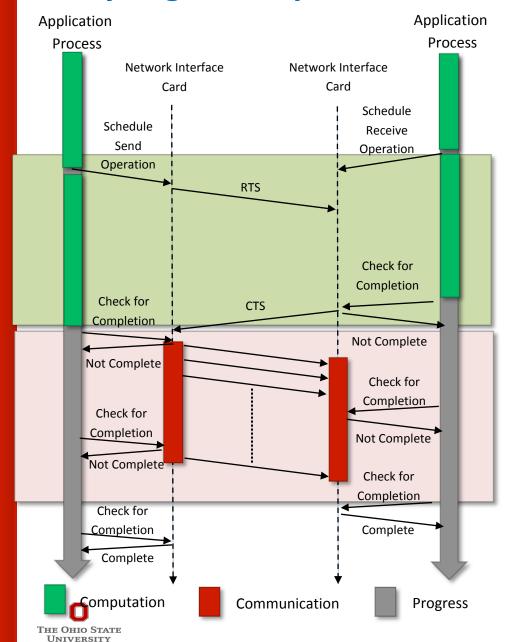
- Application processes schedule communication operation
- Network adapter progresses communication in the background
- Application process free to perform useful compute in the foreground
- Overlap of computation and communication => Better Overall Application
   Performance
- Increased buffer requirement
- Poor communication performance if used for all types of communication operations



Impact of changing Eager Threshold on performance of multi-pair message-rate benchmark with 32 processes on Stampedes

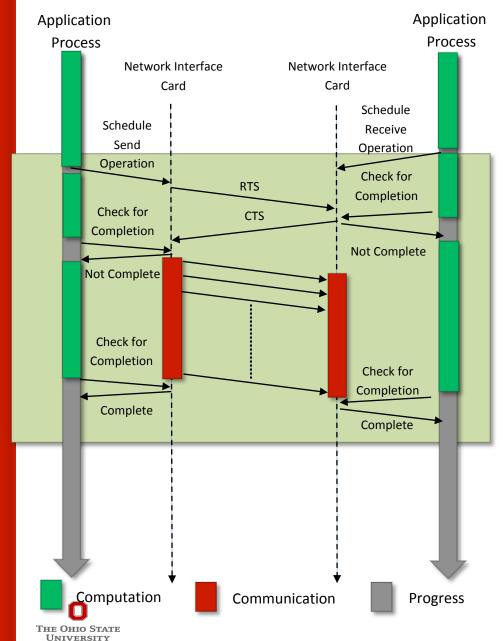


### **Analyzing Overlap Potential of Rendezvous Protocol**



- Application processes schedule communication operation
- Application process free to perform useful compute in the foreground
- Little communication progress in the background
- All communication takes place at final synchronization
- Reduced buffer requirement
- Good communication performance if used for large message sizes and operations where communication library is progressed frequently
- Poor overlap of computation and communication => Poor Overall Application Performance

# **But... What if Applications Progress Communication Frequently?**



- Application processes schedule communication operation
- Application process free to perform useful compute in the foreground
- Overlap of computation and communication => Better
   Overall Application Performance
- Reduced buffer requirement
- Good communication performance as communication library is progressed frequently
- Harder to create such programs that progress communication at the exact time without causing overhead
- Communication support entities (threads, hardware engines, etc.) have their own complexities

### **Broad Challenge**

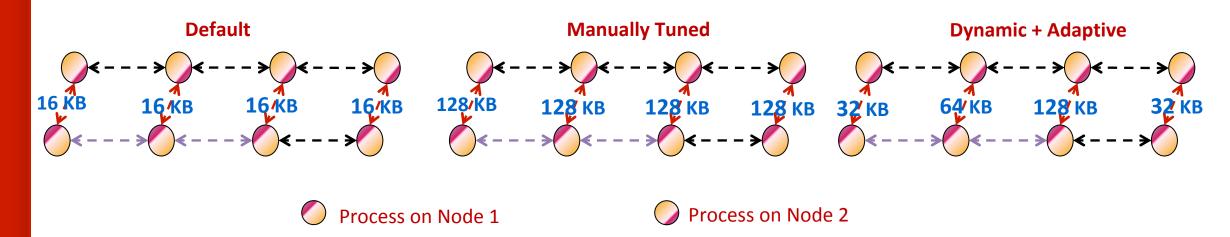
# Can we design dynamic and adaptive point-to-point communication mechanisms that can deliver the best

- 1. Communication performance
- 2. Overlap of computation and communication
- 3. Memory footprint



### **Proposed Designs and Expected Benefits at a High-level**

**Eager Threshold for Example Communication Pattern with Different Designs** 



#### Desired Eager Threshold for Example Communication Pattern

Process Pair	Eager Threshold (KB)			
0 – 4	32			
1-5	64			
2 – 6	128			
3 – 7	32			

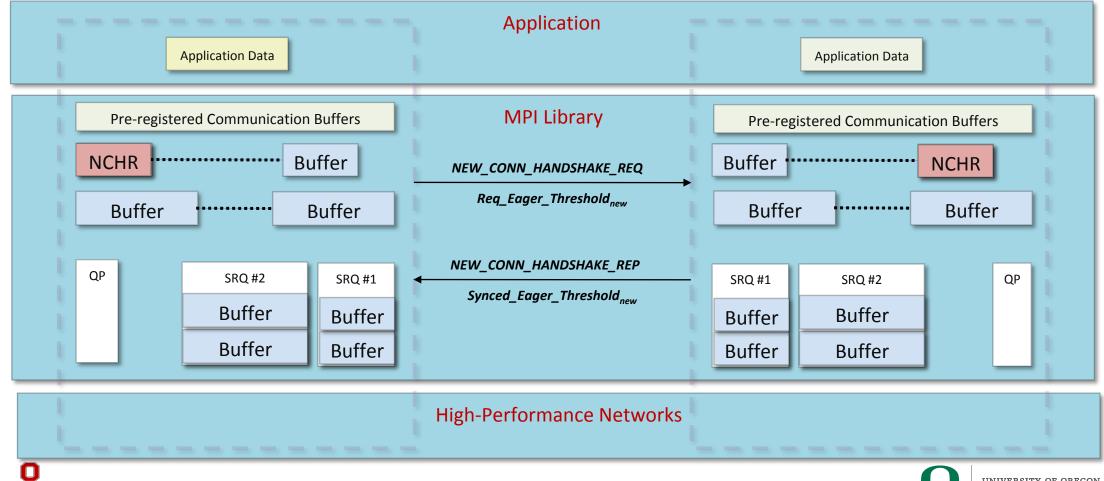
- Default
  - Poor overlap; Low memory requirement
- Manually Tuned
  - Good overlap; High memory requirement
- Dynamic + Adaptive
  - Good overlap; Optimal memory requirement



# Identifying the New Eager-Threshold and Allocating Resources for Change

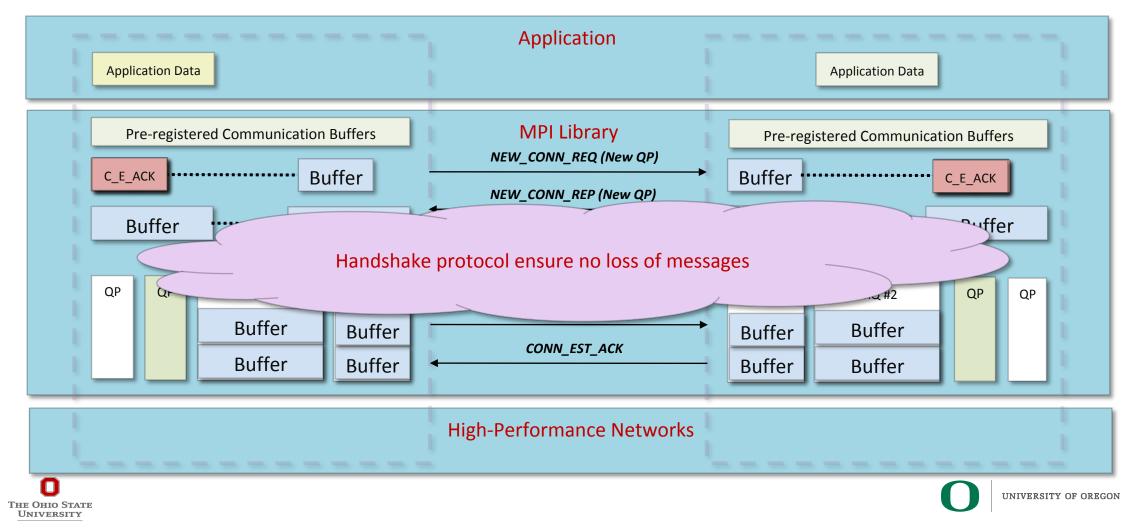
- $Threshold_{new} = 2^{\left\lceil \log_2\left(\frac{\sum sizeof(Rndv\ Msg + Pkt\ Header)}{Number\ of\ Rndv\ Msgs}\right)\right\rceil} + offset \ \ \textbf{; Failure: "-1"}$
- Allocate larger internal communication buffers of larger size and receive queues

THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY



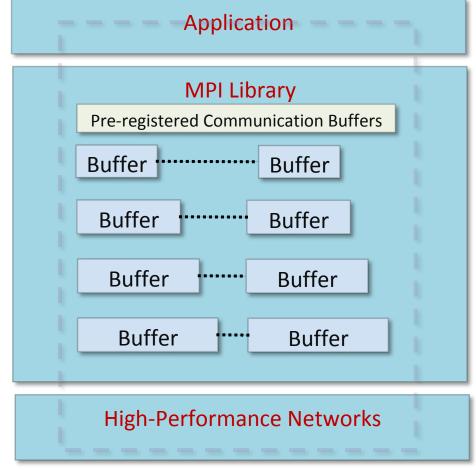
### **Designing Dynamic and Adaptive Point-to-point Protocols**

- Process pair always has one active connection
- Messages will not have to wait for connection establishment



# **Mitigating Memory Footprint Requirements**

- Increase in memory allocated is a concern
- Proposed design attempts to free them if
  - Buffer has not been in use continually for user defined period of time
  - Uses weights to determine which set of buffers are least recently used
  - Prevents trashing behavior where library gets into continuous loop of allocation and deallocation
- Significantly reduces memory overhead of dynamic and adaptive designs to less than 50% of what the manually tuned designs can offer.





# **Using MVAPICH2 and TAU**

To set CVARs or read PVARs using TAU for an uninstrumented binary: % export TAU\_TRACK\_MPI\_T\_PVARS=1
 % export TAU\_MPI\_T\_CVAR\_METRICS=
 MPIR\_CVAR\_VBUF\_POOL\_REDUCED\_VALUE[1],
 MPIR\_CVAR\_IBA\_EAGER\_THRESHOLD
 % export TAU\_MPI\_T\_CVAR\_VALUES=32,64000
 % export PATH=/path/to/tau/x86\_64/bin:\$PATH
 % mpirun -np 1024 tau\_exec -T mvapich2,mpit ./a.out
 % paraprof

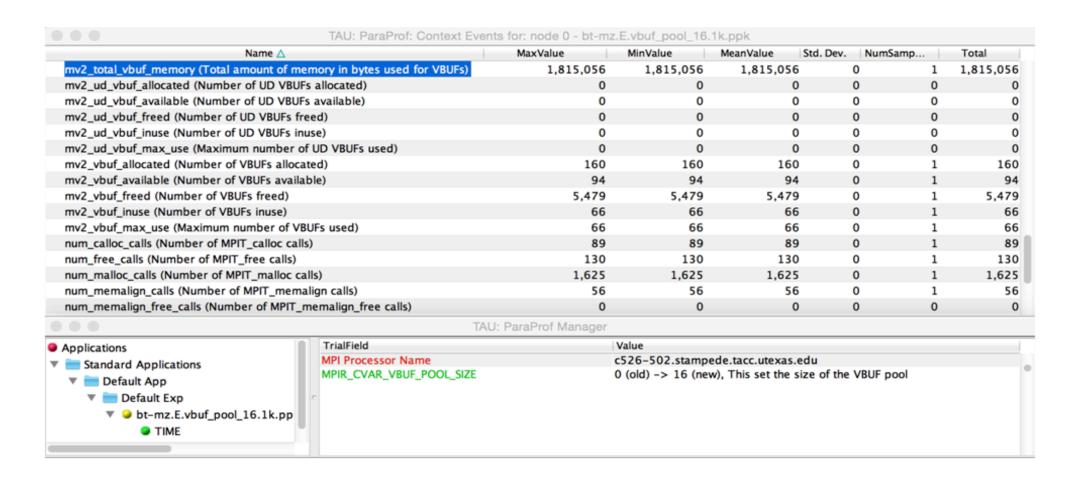


# **VBUF** usage without CVARs

TAU: ParaProf: Context Events for: node 0 - mpit_withoutcvar_bt.C.1k.ppk									
Name △	MaxValue	MinValue	MeanValue	Std. Dev. Nu	mSamples	Total			
mv2_total_vbuf_memory (Total amount of memory in bytes used for VBUFs)	3,313,056	3,313,056	3,313,056	0	1	3,313,056			
mv2_ud_vbuf_allocated (Number of UD VBUFs allocated)	0	0	0	0	0	0			
mv2_ud_vbuf_available (Number of UD VBUFs available)	0	0	0	0	0	0			
mv2_ud_vbuf_freed (Number of UD VBUFs freed)	0	0	0	0	0	0			
mv2_ud_vbuf_inuse (Number of UD VBUFs inuse)	0	0	0	0	0	0			
mv2_ud_vbuf_max_use (Maximum number of UD VBUFs used)	0	0	0	0	0	0			
mv2_vbuf_allocated (Number of VBUFs allocated)	320	320	320	0	1	320			
mv2_vbuf_available (Number of VBUFs available)	255	255	255	0	1	255			
mv2_vbuf_freed (Number of VBUFs freed)	25,545	25,545	25,545	0	1	25,545			
mv2_vbuf_inuse (Number of VBUFs inuse)	65	65	65	0	1	65			
mv2_vbuf_max_use (Maximum number of VBUFs used)	65	65	65	0	1	65			
num_calloc_calls (Number of MPIT_calloc calls)	89	89	89	0	1	89			
num_free_calls (Number of MPIT_free calls)	47,801	47,801	47,801	0	1	47,801			
num_malloc_calls (Number of MPIT_malloc calls)	49,258	49,258	49,258	0	1	49,258			
num_memalign_calls (Number of MPIT_memalign calls)	34	34	34	0	1	34			
num_memalign_free_calls (Number of MPIT_memalign_free calls)	0	0	0	0	0	0			



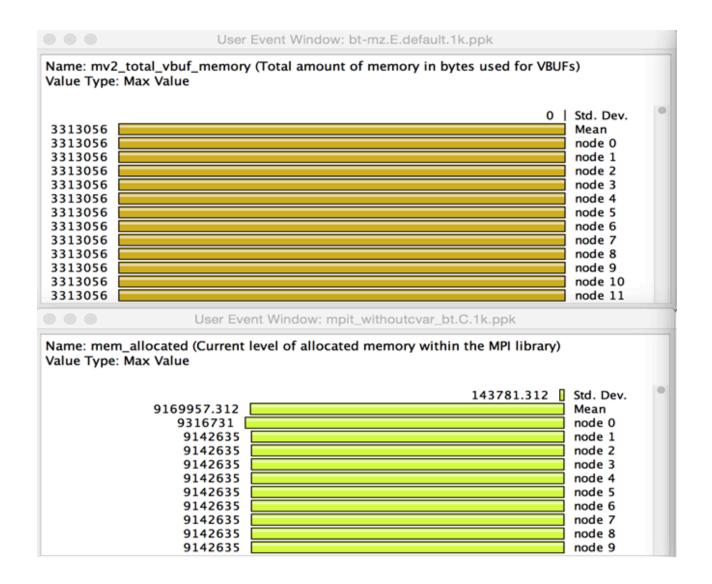
# **VBUF** usage with **CVARs**



Total memory used by VBUFs is reduced from 3,313,056 to 1,815,056

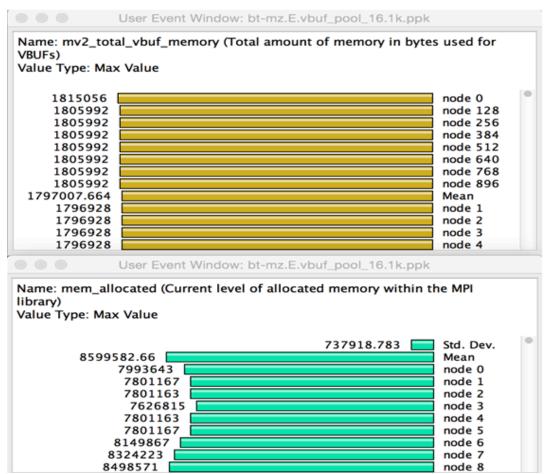


# **VBUF Memory Usage Without CVAR**





## **VBUF Memory Usage With CVAR**



- % export TAU TRACK MPI T PVARS=1
- % export TAU\_MPI\_T\_CVAR\_METRICS=MPIR\_CVAR\_VBUF\_POOL\_SIZE
- % export TAU\_MPI\_T\_CVAR\_VALUES=16
- % mpirun -np 1024 tau\_exec -T mvapich2 ./a.out



### **Outline**

- Introduction
- The MPI Tools Interfaces and Benefits
- Integrating TAU and MVAPICH2 with MPI\_T
- Use Cases
- TAU Performance System®

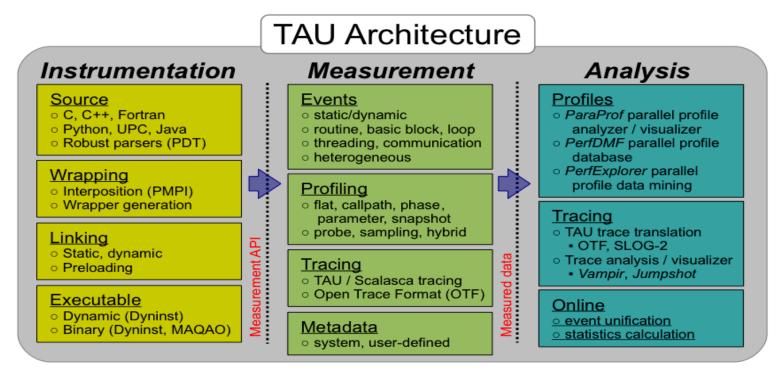


## **TAU Performance System®**



## Parallel performance framework and toolkit

- Supports all HPC platforms, compilers, runtime system
- Provides portable instrumentation, measurement, analysis







## **TAU Performance System**

#### Instrumentation

- Fortran, C++, C, UPC, Java, Python, Chapel, Spark
- Automatic instrumentation

### **Measurement and analysis support**

- MPI, OpenSHMEM, ARMCI, PGAS, DMAPP
- pthreads, OpenMP, OMPT interface, hybrid, other thread models
- GPU, CUDA, OpenCL, OpenACC
- Parallel profiling and tracing
- Use of Score-P for native OTF2 and CUBEX generation

#### **Analysis**

- Parallel profile analysis (ParaProf), data mining (PerfExplorer)
- Performance database technology (TAUdb)
- 3D profile browser



#### Instrumentation

## Add hooks in the code to perform measurements

#### Source instrumentation using a preprocessor

- Add timer start/stop calls in a copy of the source code.
- Use Program Database Toolkit (PDT) for parsing source code.
- Requires recompiling the code using TAU shell scripts (tau\_cc.sh, tau\_f90.sh)
- Selective instrumentation (filter file) can reduce runtime overhead and narrow instrumentation focus.

#### **Compiler-based instrumentation**

- Use system compiler to add a special flag to insert hooks at routine entry/exit.
- Requires recompiling using TAU compiler scripts (tau\_cc.sh, tau\_f90.sh...)

## Runtime preloading of TAU's Dynamic Shared Object (DSO)

- No need to recompile code! Use **mpirun tau\_exec ./app** with options.
- Requires dynamic executable (link using -dynamic on Theta).

## **TAU Instrumentation Approach**

#### Supports both direct and indirect performance observation

- Direct instrumentation of program (system) code (probes)
- Instrumentation invokes performance measurement
- Event measurement: performance data, meta-data, context
- Indirect mode supports sampling based on periodic timer or hardware performance counter overflow based interrupts

#### **Support for user-defined events**

- Interval (Start/Stop) events to measure exclusive & inclusive duration
- Atomic events (Trigger at a single point with data, e.g., heap memory)
  - Measures total, samples, min/max/mean/std. deviation statistics
- Context events (are atomic events with executing context)
  - Measures above statistics for a given calling path



## **Direct Observation: Events**

## **Event types**

- Interval events (begin/end events)
  - Measures exclusive & inclusive durations between events
  - Metrics monotonically increase
- Atomic events (trigger with data value)
  - Used to capture performance data state
  - Shows extent of variation of triggered values (min/max/mean)

#### **Code events**

- Routines, classes, templates
- Statement-level blocks, loops



## **Inclusive and Exclusive Profiles**

- Performance with respect to code regions
- Exclusive measurements for region only
- Inclusive measurements includes child regions

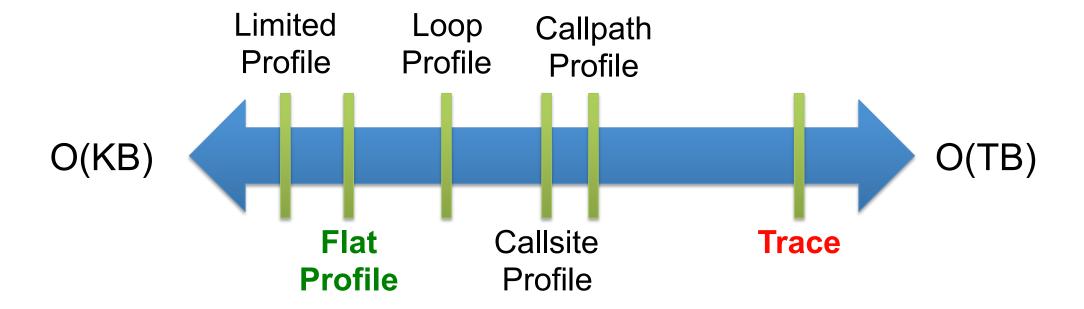
```
int foo()
{
    int a;
    a = a + 1;
    bar();
    a = a + 1;
    return a;
}

exclusive
duration

inclusive
duration
```



## How much data do you want?





## **Types of Performance Profiles**

#### **Flat** profiles

- Metric (e.g., time) spent in an event
- Exclusive/inclusive, # of calls, child calls, ...

#### **Callpath** profiles

- Time spent along a calling path (edges in callgraph)
- "main=> f1 => f2 => MPI\_Send"
- Set the TAU\_CALLPATH and TAU\_CALLPATH\_DEPTH environment variables

#### **Callsite** profiles

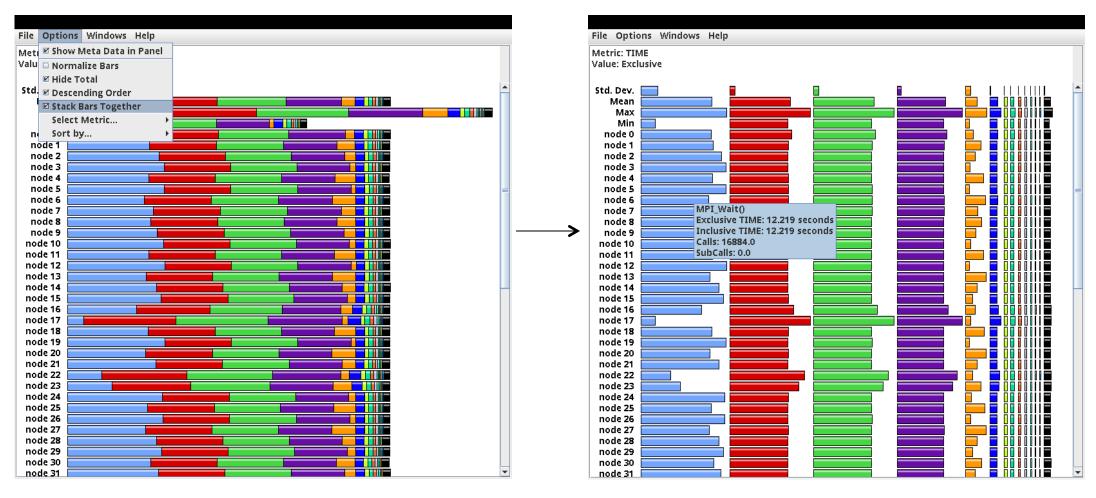
- Time spent along in an event at a given source location
- Set the TAU\_CALLSITE environment variable

#### **Phase** profiles

- Flat profiles under a phase (nested phases allowed)
- Default "main" phase
- Supports static or dynamic (e.g. per-iteration) phases



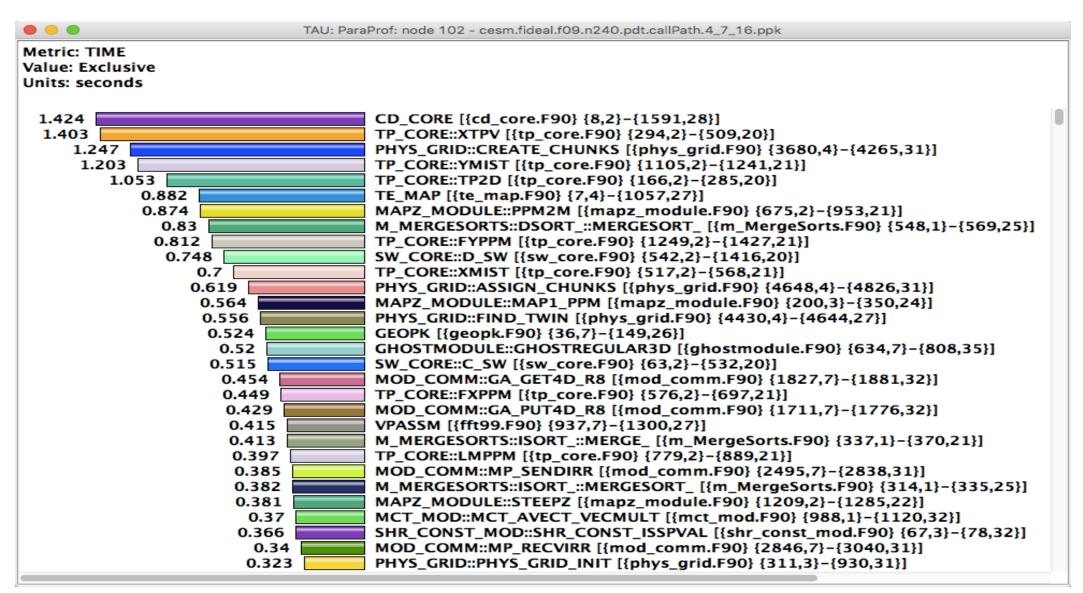
### **ParaProf Profile Browser**



Click "node X" next to see details

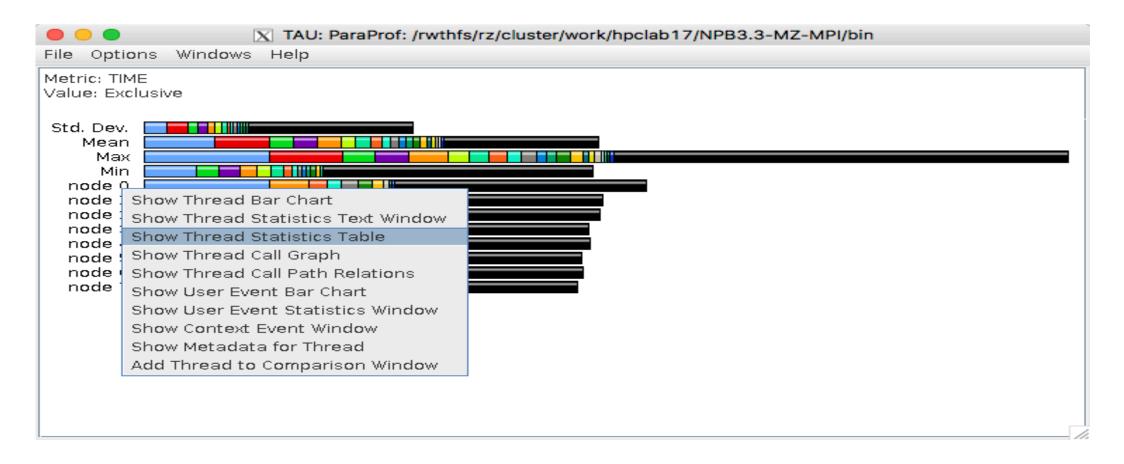


### **TAU - Flat Profile**





## **ParaProf Thread Statistics Table**



Right click over "node X" and choose Show Thread Statistics Table



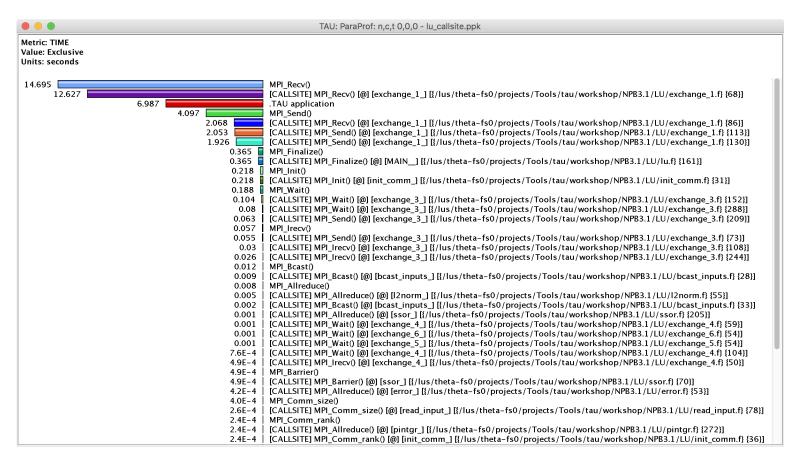
## **TAU - Callsite Profiling**

Name	Excl ▽ Ir	ıclu	Calls	Chil
TAU application	6.152	8.249	1	28,38
CALLSITE] void start_pes_(int *) [@] [/nfsprojects/volta-projects/tau/tau-2.24.1/craycnl/lib/libTAUsh-gnu-papi-shmem-pdt.so] UNRESOLVED ADDR	0.747	0.747	1	L
roid start_pes_(int *)	0.747	0.747	1	
oid shmem_barrier_all_()	0.624	0.624	9,229	j.
CALLSITE] void shmem_barrier_all_() [@] [clover_module_MOD_clover_exchange_message] [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/clover.f90} {572}]	0.401	0.401	4,610	j
CALLSITE] void shmem_finalize_() [@] [/nfsprojects/volta-projects/tau/tau-2.24.1/craycnl/lib/libTAUsh-gnu-papi-shmem-pdt.so] UNRESOLVED ADDR	0.314	0.314	1	
roid shmem_finalize_()	0.314	0.314	1	
CALLSITE] void shmem_barrier_all_() [@] [clover_module_MOD_clover_exchange_message] [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/clover.f90} {643}]	0.223	0.223	4,610	J
oid shmem_put64_nb_(void *, void *, int *, int *, void *)	0.159	0.159	9,220	j
oid shmem_put64_(void *, void *, int *, int *)	0.126	0.126	9,220	J
oid shmem_real8_max_to_all_(void *, void *, int *, int *, int *, int *, void *, long *)	0.081	0.081	400	j
CALLSITE] void shmem_put64_nb_(void *, void *, int *, int *, void *) [@] [clover_module_MOD_clover_exchange_message] [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_	0.07	0.07	4,610	j.
CALLSITE] void shmem_put64_(void *, void *, int *, int *) [@] [clover_module_MOD_clover_exchange_message] [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHME	0.063	0.063	4,610	j
CALLSITE] void shmem_real8_max_to_all_(void *, void *, int *, int *, int *, int *, void *, long *) [@] [hydro_] [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/hyd	r 0.046	0.046	200	j.
CALLSITE] void shmem_real8_min_to_all_(void *, void *, int *, int *, int *, void *, long *) [@] [/nfsprojects/volta-projects/tau/tau-2.24.1/craycnl/lib	/ 0.04	0.04	200	j
oid shmem_real8_min_to_all_(void *, void *, int *, int *, int *, int *, void *, long *)	0.04	0.04	200	j.
CALLSITE] void shmem_real8_max_to_all_(void *, void *, int *, int *, int *, int *, void *, long *) [@] [hydro_] [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/hyd	r 0.036	0.036	200	,
CALLSITE] void shmem_put64_nb_(void *, void *, int *, int *, void *) [@] [clover_module_MOD_clover_exchange] [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHM	E 0.028	0.028	601	

% export TAU\_CALLSITE=1



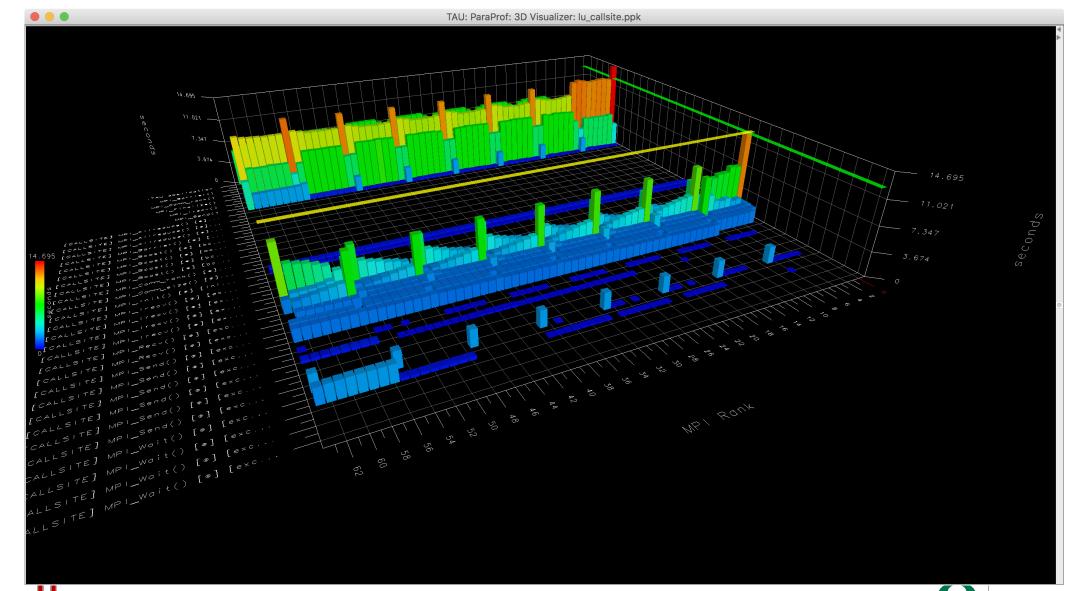
## **Callsite Profiling and Tracing**



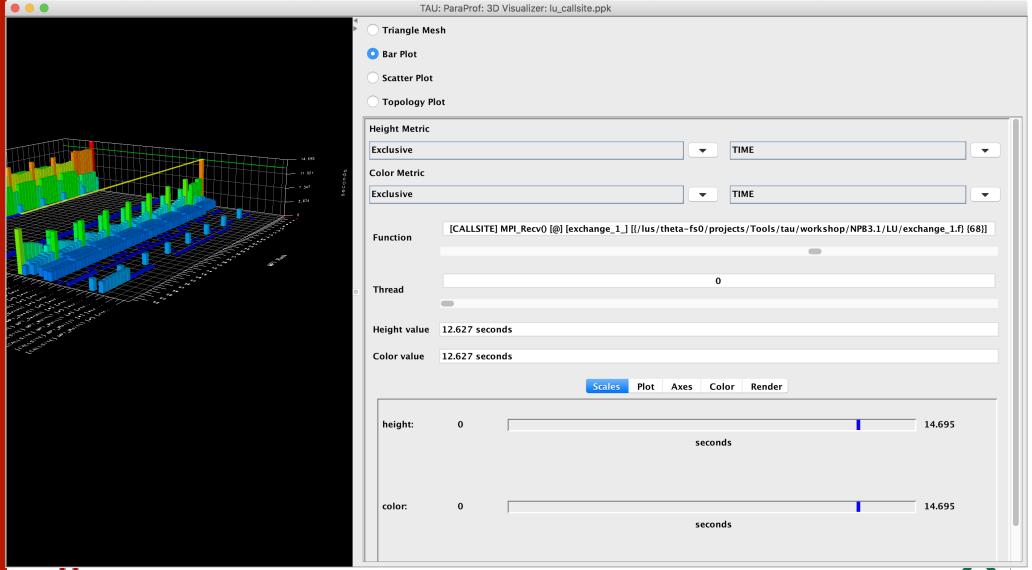
% export TAU\_CALLSITE=1



## **Callsite Profiling and Tracing**



## **Callsite Profiling and Tracing**





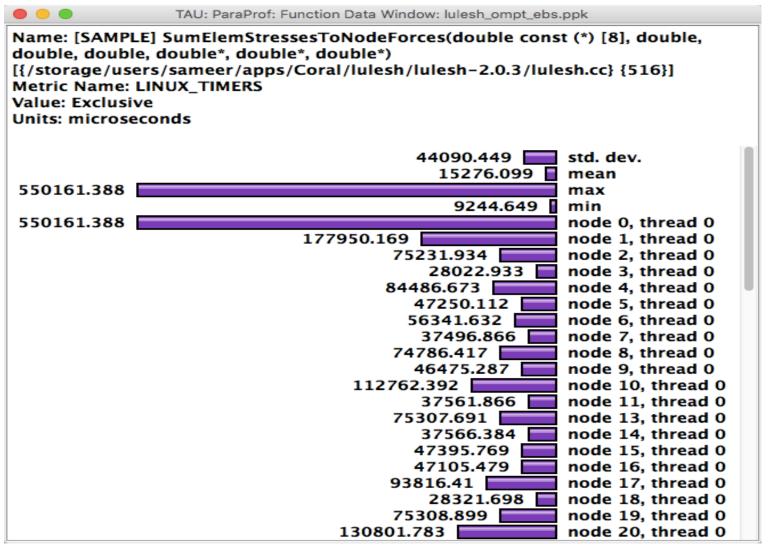
## **TAU - Callstack Sampling**

	Inclusive	
Name -	Inclusive	
Name		Calls ▽
▼ ■ .TAU application	34.979	1
► [CONTEXT] .TAU application	31.647	632
▼ ■void shmem_barrier_all_()	1.219	46,029
▼ [CONTEXT] void shmem_barrier_all_()	1.599	32
[UNWIND] [/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/clover_leaf.f90.41] [@] UNRESOLVED /lib64/libc-2.11.3.so	1.599	32
[UNWIND] /home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/hydro.f90.62 [@] main [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/clover_leaf.f90} {41}]	0.85	17
UNWIND] /home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/advection.f90.102 [@] hydro_ [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/hydro.f90} {62}]	0.55	11
■ [UNWIND] /home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/update_halo.f90.36 [@]advection_module_MOD_advection [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_Open	0.55	11
■ [UNWIND] /home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/clover.f90.292 [@]update_halo_module_MOD_update_halo [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_O	0.5	10
▼ [UNWIND] /home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/clover.f90.572 [@]clover_module_MOD_clover_exchange [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_0	0.5	10
▼ [UNWIND] UNRESOLVED [@]clover_module_MOD_clover_exchange_message [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/clover.f90} {572}]	0.5	10
[UNWIND] [/notbackedup/tmp/ulib/mpt/nightly/7.2/062215-RC/sma_dmapp/src/shmem_opt_barrier.c.118] [@] UNRESOLVED /nfsproje	0.45	9
[SAMPLE] _smai_smp_barrier_in [{/notbackedup/tmp/ulib/mpt/nightly/7.2/062215-RC/sma_dmapp/src/shmem_opt_barrier.c} {118}]	0.45	9
[UNWIND] [/notbackedup/tmp/ulib/mpt/nightly/7.2/062215-RC/sma_dmapp/src/shmem_internal.h.88] [@] UNRESOLVED /nfsprojects/shmem_internal.h.88	0.05	1
■ [UNWIND] /home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/clover.f90.461 [@]update_halo_module_MOD_update_halo [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_O	0.05	1
► [UNWIND] /home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/advection.f90.72 [@] hydro_ [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/hydro.f90} {62}]	0.15	3
[UNWIND] /home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/advection.f90.55 [@] hydro_ [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/hydro.f90} {62}]	0.15	3
■ [UNWIND] /home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/hydro.f90.52 [@] main [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/clover_leaf.f90} {41}]	0.5	10
■ [UNWIND] /home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/hydro.f90.54 [@] main [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/clover_leaf.f90} {41}]	0.25	5
▶ void start_pes_(int *)	0.508	1
▼ ■void shmem_real8_max_to_all_(void *, void *, int *, int *, int *, void *, long *)	0.325	2,000
▼ [CONTEXT] void shmem_real8_max_to_all_(void *, void *, int *, int *, int *, void *, long *)	0.5	10
■ [UNWIND] [/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/clover_leaf.f90.41] [@] UNRESOLVED /lib64/libc-2.11.3.so	0.5	10
UNWIND] /home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/hydro.f90.58 [@] main [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/clover_leaf.f90} {41}]	0.45	9
UNWIND] /home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/PdV.f90.107 [@] hydro_ [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/hydro.f90} {58}]	0.45	9
▼ [UNWIND] /home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/clover.f90.740 [@]pdv_module_MOD_pdv [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/PdV.f90	0.45	9
[UNWIND] UNRESOLVED [@]clover_module_MOD_clover_check_error [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/clover.f90} {740}]	0.45	9
UNWIND] [/notbackedup/tmp/ulib/mpt/nightly/7.2/062215-RC/sma_dmapp/src/shmem_reduction.h.207] [@] UNRESOLVED /nfsprojects/vol	0.45	9
[UNWIND] /notbackedup/tmp/ulib/mpt/nightly/7.2/062215-RC/sma_dmapp/src/shmem_opt_reduction.h.788 [@] pshmem_double_max_tc	0.45	9
▼ ■[UNWIND] /notbackedup/tmp/ulib/mpt/nightly/7.2/062215-RC/sma_dmapp/src/shmem_opt_reduction.h.107 [@] _smai_opt_double_ma	0.45	9
SAMPLE] _smai_smp_reduce_double_max [{/notbackedup/tmp/ulib/mpt/nightly/7.2/062215-RC/sma_dmapp/src/shmem_opt_reductions	0.45	9
► [UNWIND] /home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/hydro.f90.54 [@] main [{/home/ssshend/CloverLeaf_OpenSHMEM/clover_leaf.f90} {41}]	0.05	1

% export TAU\_SAMPLING=1; export TAU\_EBS\_UNWIND=1



## **TAU – Event Based Sampling (EBS)**



% export TAU\_SAMPLING=1



## **TAU – Callpath Profiling**

■ ○ ■ TAU: ParaProf: Statistics for: node 5 - fun3d_d19.ppk				
Name	Exclusive	Inclusive ▽	Calls	Child
▼ .TAU application	0	221.298	1	1
▼ NODET [{main.f90} {4,1}-{35,17}]	0	221.298	1	105
► FLOW::ITERATE [{flow.F90} {1692,14}]	0	197.989	100	500
▼ FLOW::INITIALIZE_DATA [{flow.F90} {465,14}]	0	22.707	1	2
▼ FLOW::INITIALIZE_DATA2 [{flow.F90} {663,14}]	0.002	22.705	1	197
PPARTY_PREPROCESSOR::PPARTY_PREPROCESS [{pparty_preprocessor.f90} {28,14}]	0	20.897	1	23
PPARTY_PREPROCESSOR::PPARTY_READ_GRID [{pparty_preprocessor.f90} {735,14}]	0	16.726	1	2
PUNS3D_IO_C2N::PUNS3D_READ_VGRID_C2N [{puns3d_io_c2n.f90} {1543,14}]	0.011	16.725	1	11
PUNS3D_IO_C2N::PUNS3D_READ_VGRID_C2N_SM [{puns3d_io_c2n.f90} {1641,14}]	0	16.656	1	5
PUNS3D_IO_C2N::DISTRIBUTE_TET [{puns3d_io_c2n.f90} {1819,14}]	0.117	16.572	1	5
LMPI::INTEGR_MATRIX_BCAST [{Impi.F90} {3240,3}-{3276,36}]	0	16.448	4	4
MPI_Bcast()	16.448	16.448	4	0
▶ ■ LMPI::LMPI_CONDITIONAL_STOP [{Impi.F90} {611,3}-{672,38}]	0	0.007	1	2
PUNS3D_IO_C2N::DISTRIBUTE_XYZ [{puns3d_io_c2n.f90} {2448,14}]	0.001	0.083	1	3
► LMPI::INTEGR_SCALAR_BCAST [{Impi.F90} {3151,3}-{3187,36}]	0	0	3	3
LMPI::LMPI_CONDITIONAL_STOP [{Impi.F90} {611,3}-{672,38}]	0	0.058	1	2
► LMPI::INTEGR_SCALAR_BCAST [{Impi.F90} {3151,3}-{3187,36}]	0	0	2	2
ALLOCATIONS::INTEGER_4_MY_ALLOC_PTR2 [{allocations.f90} {1010,3}-{1026,40}]	0	0	6	0
PUNS3D_IO_C2N::DISTRIBUTE_FAST_C2N [{puns3d_io_c2n.f90} {4226,14}]	0	0	1	0
LMPI::LMPI_CONDITIONAL_STOP [{Impi.F90} {611,3}-{672,38}]	0	0.001	1	2
▶ ■ PPARTY_MIXED_ELEMENT::EDGE_POINTER_DRIVER [{pparty_mixed_element.f90} {74,3}-{50	0.65	0.873	1	174
PPARTY::NODE_CELL_CHOPPER [{pparty.f90} {41,3}-{453,33}]	0.288	0.86	1	175
PPARTY_PUNS3D::RAW_GRID_CHECKER [{pparty_puns3d.f90} {623,14}]	0.233	0.523	1	11
PPARTY_METIS::MY_METIS [{pparty_metis.F90} {116,3}-{545,24}]	0.313	0.436	1	13,132
► PARTY_LMPI::PARTY_LMPI_SETUP_MPI_SM [{party_lmpi.f90} {613,3}-{686,40}]	0.006	0.337	1	10

% export TAU\_CALLPATH=1; export TAU\_CALLPATH\_DEPTH=100

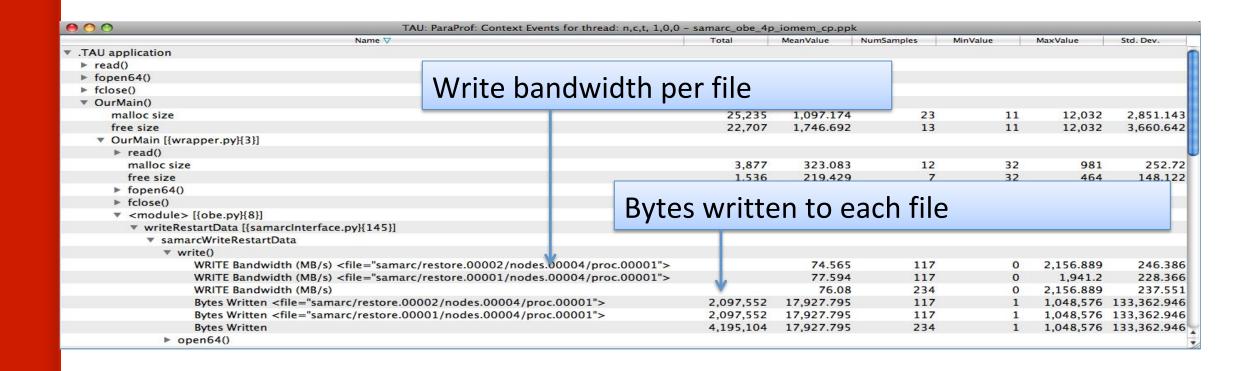


## **TAU Atomic Events**

Name ∀	Total	NumSamples	MaxValue	MinValue	MeanValue	Std. Dev.
	911	62				
Bytes Written <file=stdout></file=stdout>			21	1	14.694	7.441
Bytes Written <file=pipe></file=pipe>	22		1	1	1	0
Bytes Written <file=process_output velrsdl.dat=""></file=process_output>	7,826					
Bytes Written <file=process_output momrsdl.dat=""></file=process_output>	7,826	100	302	76	78.26	22.487
Bytes Written <file=process_output massrsdl.dat=""></file=process_output>	11,325	100	435	110	113.25	32.337
Bytes Written <file=grid_output bodybndry.dat=""></file=grid_output>	9,724	5	8,192	4	1,944.8	3,174.201
Bytes Written <file= <="" apps="" case_catalog="" home="" n="" rotcfd_regression="" sameer="" sukra="" td="" uns2d=""><td>45</td><td>1</td><td>45</td><td>45</td><td>45</td><td>0</td></file=>	45	1	45	45	45	0
Bytes Written <file=. naca0012_largegrid_00010.rst="" restart_history="" restarts=""></file=.>	44,619,720	5,484	8,192	4	8,136.346	640.325
Bytes Written <file=. naca0012_largegrid_00005.rst="" restart_history="" restarts=""></file=.>	44,619,720	5,484	8,192	4	8,136.346	640.325
Bytes Written <file=. naca0012_largegrid.rst="" restarts=""></file=.>	44,619,720	5,484	8,192	4	8,136.346	640.325
Bytes Written <file=. process_output="" turbrsdl.dat=""></file=.>	4,271	72	224	57	59.319	19.544
Bytes Written <file=. process_output="" solver.out=""></file=.>	2,039	13	797	43	156.846	191.359
Bytes Written <file=. field_solutions="" naca0012_largegrid_00010.sln="" solution_history=""></file=.>	4,356,976	534	8,192	4	8,159.131	501.319
Bytes Written <file=. field_solutions="" naca0012_largegrid_00005.sln="" solution_history=""></file=.>	4,356,976	534	8,192	4	8,159.131	501.319
Bytes Written <file=. field_solutions="" naca0012_largegrid.sln=""></file=.>	4,356,976	534	8,192	4	8,159.131	501.319
Bytes Written <file=. body_pressure="" naca0012_largegrid_00010_body.prs=""></file=.>	65,986	9	8,190	1,300	7,331.778	2,133.204
Bytes Written <file=. body_pressure="" naca0012_largegrid_00005_body.prs=""></file=.>	65,986	9	8,190	1,300	7,331.778	2,133.204
Bytes Written <file=. body_pressure="" frcmnt.out=""></file=.>	1,497	3	1,185	108	499	486.656
Bytes Written	147,107,546	18,550	8,192	1	7,930.326	1,420.552



## **TAU - Context Events**





## **Interval and Atomic Events in TAU**

NODE 0;	CONTEXT 0;TH	READ 0:	X	xterm			
%Time	Exclusive msec	Inclusive total msec	#Call	#Subrs	Inclusive usec/call	Name	
100.0	0.187	1,105	 1	44	1105659	int main(int, char **) C	Interval events
93.2	1,030	1,030	1	0	1030654	MPI_Init()	interval events
5.9	0.879	65	40	320	1637	void func(int, int) C	e.g., routines
4.6	51	51	40	0	1277	MPI_Barrier <u>()</u>	
1.2	13	13	120	0		MPI_Recv()	(start/stop) show
0.8	9	9	1	0		MPI_Finalize()	(Start/Stop) Show
0.0	0.137	0.137	120	0	1	MPI_Send()	duration
0.0	0.086	0.086	40	0		MPI_Bcast()	daration
0.0	0.002	0.002	1	0		MPI_Comm_size()	
0.0	0.001	0.001	$\overline{f 1}$	0		MPI_Comm_rank()	

HCED	EVENTS	Profile	- NODE	Λ	CONTEXT	^	TUDEAN	Λ
USER	LTLITIO	LIOITTE	LINUUL	ν.	CONTLA	ν,	HINLHD	v

NumSamples	MaxValue	MinValue	MeanValue	Std. Dev.	Event Name
	5.138E+04 5.138E+04 40	44.39 2064 40	3.09E+04 3.115E+04 40	1.21E+04	Heap Memory Used (KB) : Entry Heap Memory Used (KB) : Exit Message size for broadcast
					27.1

-- | **e** 

Atomic events
(triggered with
value) show
extent of variation
(min/max/mean)

% export TAU\_CALLPATH\_DEPTH=0 % export TAU\_TRACK\_HEAP=1



## **Atomic Events, Context Events**

<b>9 0 0</b>				D	xterm		
<b>-</b> %Time	Exclusive msec	Inclusive total msec	#Call	#Subrs	Inclusive usec/call	Name	
100.0 93.2 6.0 5.7 0.8 0.1 0.0 0.0	0.253 1.031 1 63 9 1 0.141 0.085 0.001	1,106 1,031 66 63 9 1 0,141 0,085 0,001	1 40 40 1 120 120 40 1	44 0 320 0 0 0 0 0	1031311 1650 1588 9119 10 1 2	<pre>int main(int, char **) C MPI_Init() void func(int, int) C MPI_Barrier() MPI_Finalize() MPI_Recv() MPI_Send() MPI_Bcast() MPI_Comm_size() MPI_Comm_rank()</pre>	Atomic events
USER EVEN	TS Profile : s MaxValue			AD 0  Std. Dev.	Event Name		Context events
12 12	5 5.139E+04 0 5.139E+04 0 5.139E+04 1 2067 1 2066 1 5.139E+04 1 57.56 0 5.139E+04 0 5.139E+04	3097 1.13E+04 2067 2066 5.139E+04 57.56 1.13E+04 1.129E+04	3.114E+04 3.134E+04 2067 2066	0 1.234E+04 1.227E+04 1.187E+04 0 0 0.0006905 0 1.187E+04 1.187E+04 0 1.227E+04	Heap Memory	ze for broadcast y Used (KB) : Entry y Used (KB) : Entry : MPI_Barrier() y Used (KB) : Entry : MPI_Bcast() y Used (KB) : Entry : MPI_Comm_rank() y Used (KB) : Entry : MPI_Comm_size() y Used (KB) : Entry : MPI_Finalize() y Used (KB) : Entry : MPI_Init() y Used (KB) : Entry : MPI_Recv() y Used (KB) : Entry : MPI_Recv() y Used (KB) : Entry : MPI_Send() y Used (KB) : Entry : int main(int, chy Used (KB) : Entry : void func(int, int, int, int, int, int, int, int,	
·	ort TAU_CA	_			•	Controls depth of context shown in p	<b>O</b>



## **Context Events (Default)**

000						X xterm		
NODE O::CONTEXT O:THREAD O:								
%Time	Exclusive msec	Inclusive total msec	#Call	#Subrs	Inclusive usec/call	Name		
100.0	0.357	1,114	1	44	1114040	int main(int, char **) C		
92.6	1,031	1.031	1	0	1031066	MPI_Init()		
6.7	72	74	40	320	1865	void func(int, int) C		
0.7	8	8	1	0	8002	MPI_Finalize()		
0.1	1	1	120	0	12	MPI_Recv()		
0.1	0.608	0.608	40	0	15	MPI_Barrier()		
0.0	0.136	0.136	120	0	1	MPI_Send()		
0.0	0.095	0.095	40	0	2	MPI_Bcast()		
0.0	0.001	0.001	1	0	1	MPI_Comm_size()		
0.0	0	0	1	0	0	MPI_Comm_rank()		

USER EVENTS Profile :NODE 0, CONTEXT 0, THREAD 0

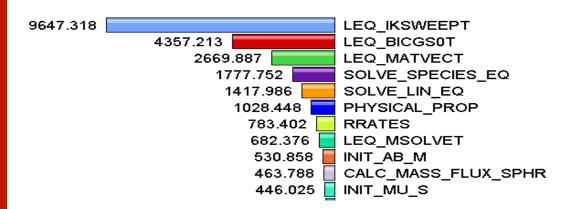
NumSamples	MaxValue	MinValue	MeanValue	Std. Dev.	Event Name
365	5.139E+04	44.39	3.091E+04	1.234E+04	Heap Memory Used (KB) : Entry
1	44.39	44.39	44.39	0	Heap Memory Used (KB) : Entry : int main(int, char **) C
1	2068	2068	2068	0	Heap Memory Used (KB) : Entry : int main(int, char **) C => MPI_Comm_rank()
1	2066	2066	2066	0	Heap Memory Used (KB) : Entry : int main(int, char **) C => MPI_Comm_size()
1	5.139E+04	5.139E+04	5.139E+04	0	Heap Memory Used (KB) : Entry : int main(int, char **) C => MPI_Finalize()
1	57.58	57.58	57.58	0	Heap Memory Used (KB) : Entrym: int main(int, char **) C => MPI_Init()
40	5.036E+04	2069	3.011E+04	1.228E+04	
40	5.139E+04	3098	3.114E+04	1.227E+04	Heap Memory Used (KB) : Entry : void func(int, int) C => MPI_Barrier()
40	5.139E+04	1.13E+04	3.134E+04	1.187E+04	Heap Memory Used (KB) : Entry : vaid func(int, int) C => MPI_Bcast()
120	5.139E+04	1.13E+04	3.134E+04	1.187E+04	Heap Memory Used (KB) : Entry : vold func(int, int) C => MPI_Recv()
120	5.139E+04	1.13E+04	3.134E+04	1.187E+04	Heap Memory Used (KB) : Entry : void func(int, int) C => MPI_Send()
365	5.139E+04	2065	3.116E+04	1.21E+04	Heap Memory Used (KB): Exit

% export TAU\_CALLPATH\_DEPTH=2 % export TAU\_TRACK\_HEAP=1

Context event = 3.7 = atomic event + executing context

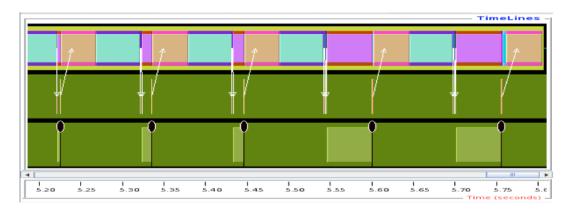


# **Profiling**



Shows
how much time was
spent in each routine

## **Tracing**



Shows
when events take place
on a timeline



## **Types of Performance Profiles**

#### **Flat** profiles

- Metric (e.g., time) spent in an event
- Exclusive/inclusive, # of calls, child calls, ...

## **Callpath** profiles

- Time spent along a calling path (edges in callgraph)
- "main=> f1 => f2 => MPI\_Send"
- Set the TAU\_CALLPATH\_DEPTH environment variable

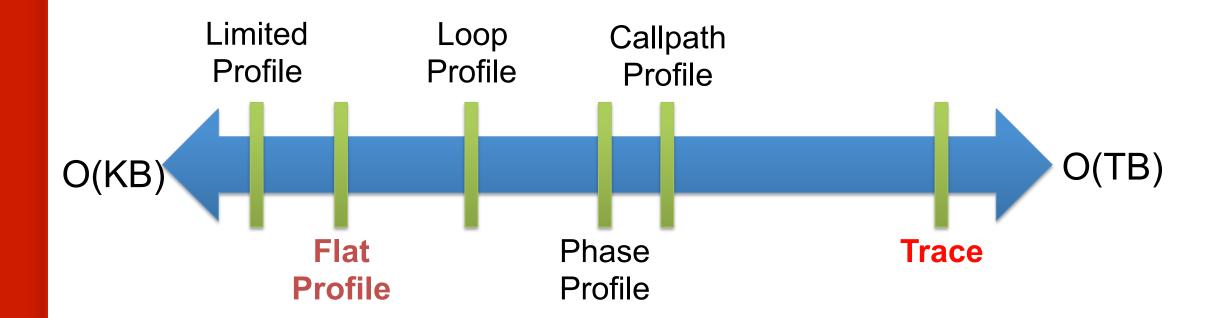
### **Phase** profiles

- Flat profiles under a phase (nested phases allowed)
- Default "main" phase
- Supports static or dynamic (e.g. per-iteration) phases





## How much data do you want?



All levels support multiple metrics/counters





#### **Performance Data Measurement**

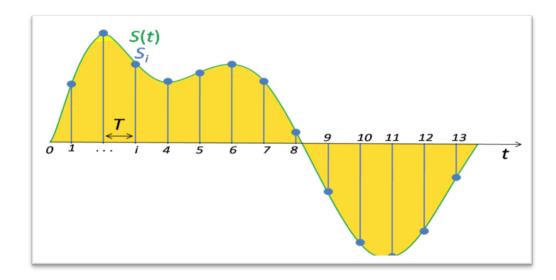
## **Direct via Probes**

```
call TAU_START('potential')
// code
call TAU_STOP('potential')
```

- Exact measurement
- Fine-grain control
- Calls inserted into code



## **Indirect via Sampling**



- No code modification
- Minimal effort
- Relies on debug symbols (-g option)

# **Examples**



#### **HPCLinux OVA: VirtualBox**

Install VirtualBox from the USB Stick (dmg/exe file)

File -> Import Appliance -> Click browse -> HPCLinux -> <LITE>.ova -> Finish

Click on the appliance in VirtualBox -> Run

**Username: livetau** 

**Password:** 

% which paraprof



## Step 1: Log-in to the Cluster (ri.cse.ohio-state.edu)

## Linux/OS X (Mac)

Open your favorite Terminal ssh –Y <username>@ri.cse.ohio-state.edu Enter password

#### # Example:

\$ ssh \_Y <u>ritutXX@ri.cse.ohio-state.edu</u> (replace XX with appropriate number from handout) Enter Password:

\$ Is -I workshop

total 76

drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 Jul 25 11:24 3Dstencil

drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jul 25 11:24 cthreads

drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jul 25 11:24 debug

-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 706 Jul 25 11:24 handson.txt

drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jul 25 11:24 hdf5\_wrap

drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jul 25 11:24 job\_submission

drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jul 25 11:24 manual

drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 Jul 25 11:24 matmult

drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jul 25 11:24 memoryleakdetect

drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Jul 25 11:24 miniGhost\_ref

drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jul 25 11:24 mm

drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jul 25 11:24 mpic++

drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jul 25 11:24 mpiposix

drwxr-xr-x 15 root root 4096 Jul 25 11:24 NPB3.1

drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jul 25 11:24 opari

drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jul 25 11:24 papi

drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Jul 25 11:24 py-c++-f90

-rw-r- 1 root root 1707 Jul 25 11:24 README

drwxrxx 2 root root 4096 Jul 25 11:24 sweep3d

HE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY

#### **Windows**

#### **Download Putty**

https://www.putty.org/

#### How to?

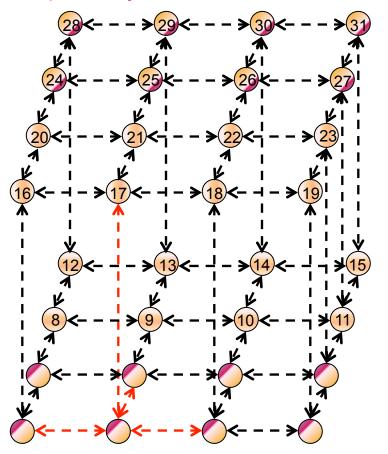
- https://mediatemple.net/community/products/dv/ 204404604/using-ssh-in-putty-
- https://www.ssh.com/ssh/putty/windows/

## **Driving Example (3D Stencil)**

### **3D Stencil benchmark**

- Each process talks to at most six neighbors
- Two in each Cartesian dimension
  - X-right, X-left
  - Y-right, Y-left
  - Z-right, Z-left
- Repeat same communication pattern for multiple iterations
- Process on Node 1
- Process on Node 2
- Process on Node 3
- Process on Node 4

3D Stencil communication pattern for a 32 process job scheduled on 4 nodes





## **3Dstencil on RI (OSU)**

```
cd ~/workshop/3Dstencil
sbatch -N 16 -p batch ./demo.sh
ls *.ppk
Copy ppk files to your laptop and use VirtualBox image
% paraprof *.ppk &
```



## Example Codes On Stampede2.tacc.utexas.edu

- % cp ~tg457572/pkgs/workshop.tgz
- % tar zxf workshop.tgz
- % source ~tg457572/tau.bashrc
- % idev -m 50 -r pearc-tau (requests a 50 minute interactive node with reservation name pearc-tau)
- % cd workshop/NPB3.1
- % make suite
- % cd bin
- % mpirun –np 64 ./lu.A.64
- % tau\_pebil\_rewrite lu.A.64 lu.i
- % mpirun -np 64 ./lu.i
- % pprof ; paraprof





## Simplifying the use of TAU!

#### **Uninstrumented code:**

- % mpif90 –g –O3 matmult.f90
- % mpirun –np 16 ./a.out

#### With TAU:

- % mpirun –np 16 tau\_exec ./a.out
- % paraprof
- For more Information at the statement level:
- % mpirun –np 16 tau\_exec –ebs ./a.out (or use TAU\_SAMPLING=1)
- To rewrite the binary to instrument individual functions (using PEBIL):
- % tau\_pebil\_rewrite a.out a.inst; mpirun –np 16 ./a.inst (beta)
- % pprof -a | more
- % paraprof (GUI)



## **TAU** for Heterogeneous Measurement

# Multiple performance perspectives Integrate Host-GPU support in TAU measurement framework

- Enable use of each measurement approach
- Include use of PAPI and CUPTI
- Provide profiling and tracing support

#### **Tutorial**

- Use TAU library wrapping of libraries
- Use tau\_exec to work with binaries
   % ./a.out (uninstrumented)
   % tau\_exec -T <configuration tags> -cupti ./a.out
   % paraprof



## **TAU Execution Command (tau\_exec)**

#### **Uninstrumented execution**

• % mpirun -np 256 ./a.out

#### **Track GPU operations**

- % mpirun –np 256 tau\_exec –cupti ./a.out
- % mpirun –np 256 tau\_exec –cupti -um ./a.out (for Unified Memory)
- % mpirun –np 256 tau\_exec –opencl ./a.out
- % mpirun –np 256 tau\_exec –openacc ./a.out

#### **Track MPI performance**

% mpirun -np 256 tau\_exec ./a.out

#### Track OpenMP, and MPI performance (MPI enabled by default)

- % export TAU\_OMPT\_SUPPORT\_LEVEL=full;
   % export TAU\_OMPT\_RESOLVE\_ADDRESS\_EAGERLY=1
- % mpirun -np 256 tau\_exec -T ompt,tr6,mpi -ompt ./a.out

#### Track memory operations

- % export TAU\_TRACK\_MEMORY\_LEAKS=1
- % mpirun –np 256 tau\_exec –memory\_debug ./a.out (bounds check)

#### Use event based sampling (compile with –g)

- % mpirun –np 256 tau exec –ebs ./a.out
- Also –ebs\_source=<PAPI\_COUNTER> -ebs\_period=<overflow\_count>



## **Using TAU**

#### TAU supports several measurement and thread options

Phase profiling, profiling with hardware counters (papi), MPI library, CUDA, Beacon (backplane for event notification – online monitoring), PDT (automatic source instrumentation) ...

Each measurement configuration of TAU corresponds to a unique stub makefile and library that is generated when you configure it

#### To instrument source code automatically using PDT

```
Choose an appropriate TAU stub makefile in <arch>/lib:
```

```
% source ~tg457572/tau.bashrc
```

% export TAU\_MAKEFILE=\$TAU/Makefile.tau-mvapich2-icpc-mpi-pdt

% export TAU\_OPTIONS= '-optVerbose ...' (see tau\_compiler.sh )

Use tau\_f90.sh, tau\_cxx.sh, tau\_upc.sh, or tau\_cc.sh as F90, C++, UPC, or C compilers respectively:

% mpif90 foo.f90 changes to

% tau\_f90.sh foo.f90

# Set runtime environment variables, execute application and analyze performance data:

% pprof (for text based profile display)

% paraprof (for GUI)



## **Choosing TAU MAKEFILE**

```
% source ~tg457572/tau.bashrc
% ls $TAU/Makefile.*
/home1/00494/tg457572/pkgs/tau latest/x86 64/lib/Makefile.tau-mvapich2-icpc-mpi-pdt
/home1/00494/tg457572/pkgs/tau_latest/x86_64/lib/Makefile.tau-mvapich2-icpc-mpi-pthread-pdt
/home1/00494/tg457572/pkgs/tau_latest/x86_64/lib/Makefile.tau-mvapich2-icpc-ompt-mpi-pdt-openmp
/home1/00494/tg457572/pkgs/tau latest/x86 64/lib/Makefile.tau-mvapich2-icpc-papi-mpi-pdt-mpit
/home1/00494/tg457572/pkgs/tau_latest/x86_64/lib/Makefile.tau-mvapich2-icpc-papi-ompt-mpi-pdt-openmp
/home1/00494/tg457572/pkgs/tau_latest/x86_64/lib/Makefile.tau-pdt
```

# For an MPI+F90 application with MPI, you may choose

Makefile.tau-mvapich2-icpc-mpi-pdt

• Supports MPI instrumentation, papi, and PDT for automatic source instrumentation

```
% export TAU MAKEFILE=$TAU/Makefile.tau-mvapich2-icpc-mpi-pdt
% tau f90.sh matrix.f90 -o matrix
OR with build systems:
% make CC=tau cc.sh CXX=tau cxx.sh F90=tau f90.sh
% cmake -DCMAKE_Fortran COMPILER=tau f90.sh
      -DCMAKE C COMPILER=tau cc.sh -
DCMAKE CXX COMPILER=tau cxx.sh
% mpirun -np 1024 ./matrix
 paraprof
```

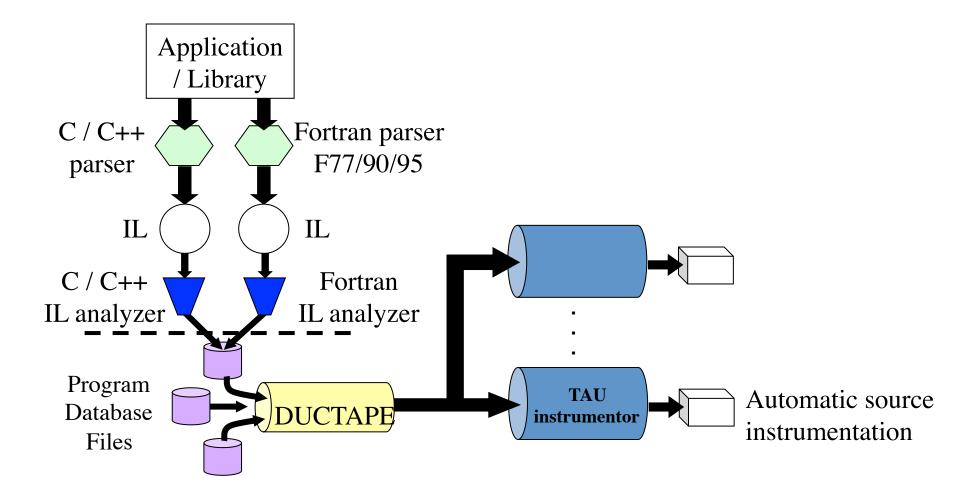


## Configuration tags for tau\_exec

```
% ./configure -pdt=<dir> -mpi -papi=<dir>; make install
Creates in $TAU:
Makefile.tau-papi-mpi-pdt(Configuration parameters in stub makefile)
shared-papi-mpi-pdt/libTAU.so
% ./configure -pdt=<dir> -mpi; make install creates
Makefile.tau-mpi-pdt
shared-mpi-pdt/libTAU.so
To explicitly choose preloading of shared-<options>/libTAU.so change:
% mpirun -np 256 ./a.out
% mpirun -np 256 tau exec -T <comma separated options> ./a.out
% mpirun -np 256 tau exec -T papi, mpi, pdt ./a.out
Preloads $TAU/shared-papi-mpi-pdt/libTAU.so
% mpirun -np 256 tau exec -T papi ./a.out
Preloads $TAU/shared-papi-mpi-pdt/libTAU.so by matching.
% mpirun -np 256 tau exec -T papi, mpi, pdt -s ./a.out
Does not execute the program. Just displays the library that it will preload if executed
without the -s option.
NOTE: -mpi configuration is selected by default. Use –T serial for
Sequential programs.
```

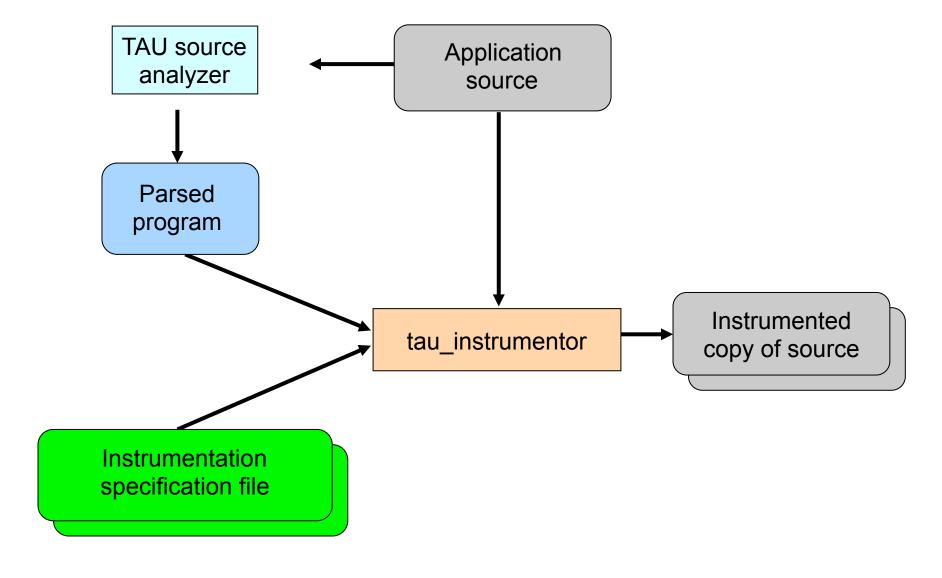


# TAU's Static Analysis System: Program Database Toolkit (PDT)





# **Automatic Source Instrumentation using PDT**





#### **Automatic Instrumentation**

- Use TAU's compiler wrappers
  - Simply replace CXX with tau cxx.sh, etc.
  - Automatically instruments source code, links with TAU libraries.
- Use tau\_cc.sh for C, tau\_f90.sh for Fortran, tau\_upc.sh for UPC, etc.

```
Before
% cat Makefile
CXX = mpicxx
F90 = mpif90
CXXFLAGS =
LIBS = -lm
OBJS = f1.o f2.o f3.o ... fn.o

app: $(OBJS)
        $(CXX) $(LDFLAGS) $(OBJS) -o $@
        $(LIBS)
.cpp.o:
        $(CXX) $(CXXFLAGS) -c $
% make
```

```
After
% cat Makefile
CXX = tau_cxx.sh
F90 = tau_f90.sh
CXXFLAGS =
LIBS = -lm
OBJS = f1.o f2.o f3.o ... fn.o

app: $(OBJS)
$(CXX) $(LDFLAGS) $(OBJS) -o $0
$(LIBS)
.cpp.o:
$(CXX) $(CXXFLAGS) -c $<

% export TAU_MAKEFILE=
$TAU/Makefile.tau-papi-mpi-pdt
% make
```



## Selective Instrumentation File: Compile time, Runtime

```
% export TAU OPTIONS='-optTauSelectFile=select.tau ...'
% cat select.tau
BEGIN INCLUDE LIST
int main#
int dgemm#
END INCLUDE LIST
BEGIN FILE INCLUDE LIST
Main.c
Blas/*.f77
END FILE INCLUDE LIST
# replace include with exclude list
BEGIN INSTRUMENT SECTION
loops routine="foo"
loops routine="int main#"
END INSTRUMENT SECTION
# It can be used at compile time or at runtime:
% export TAU SELECT FILE = select.tau
```



## **Installing and Configuring TAU**

#### •Installing PDT:

- wget tau.uoregon.edu/pdt\_lite.tgz
- ./configure –prefix=<dir>; make ; make install

#### •Installing TAU:

- wget tau.uoregon.edu/tau.tgz; tar zxf tau.tgz; cd tau-2.<ver>
- wget http://tau.uoregon.edu/ext.tgz
- ./configure –mpi -bfd=download -pdt=<dir> -papi=<dir> ...
- make install

#### •Using TAU:

- export TAU\_MAKEFILE=<taudir>/x86\_64/ lib/Makefile.tau-<TAGS>
- % export TAU\_OPTIONS='-optTauSelectFile=select.tau'
- make CC=tau\_cc.sh CXX=tau\_cxx.sh F90=tau\_f90.sh





## **INSTALLING TAU on Laptops**

#### **Installing TAU under Mac OS X:**

- Download Java
- http://tau.uoregon.edu/java.dmg
- Install java.dmg
- wget http://tau.uoregon.edu/tau.dmg
- Install tau.dmg

#### **Installing TAU under Windows**

http://tau.uoregon.edu/tau.exe

#### **Installing TAU under Linux**

- http://tau.uoregon.edu/tau.tgz
- ./configure; make install
- export PATH=<taudir>/x86\_64/bin:\$PATH





#### **NPB-MZ-MPI Suite**

#### The NAS Parallel Benchmark suite (MPI+OpenMP version)

Available from:

http://www.nas.nasa.gov/Software/NPB

- 3 benchmarks in Fortran77
- Configurable for various sizes & classes

#### Move into the NPB3.3-MZ-MPI root directory

```
% ls
bin/ common/ jobscript/ Makefile README.install SP-MZ/
BT-MZ/ config/ LU-MZ/ README README.tutorial sys/
```

#### Subdirectories contain source code for each benchmark

plus additional configuration and common code

The provided distribution has already been configured for the tutorial, such that it's ready to "make" one or more of the benchmarks and install them into a (tool-specific) "bin" subdirectory

## NPB-MZ-MPI / BT (Block Tridiagonal Solver)

#### What does it do?

- Solves a discretized version of the unsteady, compressible Navier-Stokes equations in three spatial dimensions
- Performs 200 time-steps on a regular 3-dimensional grid

#### Implemented in 20 or so Fortran77 source modules

#### **Uses MPI & OpenMP in combination**

- 16 processes each with 4 threads should be reasonable
- bt-mz.B.16 should take around 1 minute





## NPB-MZ-MPI / BT: config/make.def

```
SITE- AND/OR PLATFORM-SPECIFIC DEFINITIONS.
           _____
 Configured for generic MPI with GCC compiler
#OPENMP = -fopenmp # GCC compiler
OPENMP = -qopenmp -extend-source # Intel compiler
 The Fortran compiler used for MPI programs
                                                       Default (no instrumentation)
F77 = mpif90 # Intel compiler
# Alternative variant to perform instrumentation
```





## **Building an NPB-MZ-MPI Benchmark**

```
% make
       NAS PARALLEL BENCHMARKS 3.3
       MPI+OpenMP Multi-Zone Versions
        F77
 To make a NAS multi-zone benchmark type
       make <benchmark-name> CLASS=<class> NPROCS=<nprocs>
 where <benchmark-name> is "bt-mz", "lu-mz", or "sp-mz"
       <class> is "S", "W", "A" through "F"
       <nprocs>
                     is number of processes
 [...]
 *********************
* Custom build configuration is specified in config/make.def *
 * Suggested tutorial exercise configuration for HPC systems:
        make bt-mz CLASS=C NPROCS=8
```

# Type "make" for instructions

make suite





#### **TAU Source Instrumentation**

Edit config/make.def to adjust build configuration

 Uncomment specification of compiler/linker: F77 = tau\_f77.sh or use make F77=tau\_f77.sh

Make clean and build new tool-specific executable

Change to the directory containing the new executable before running it with the desired tool configuration





#### tau\_exec

```
$ tau exec
Usage: tau exec [options] [--] <exe> <exe options>
Options:
                     Verbose mode
                     Show what will be done but don't actually do anything (dryrun)
                     Use qsub mode (BG/P only, see below)
        -qsub
                     Track I/O
        -io
                    Track memory allocation/deallocation
        -memory
       -memory debug Enable memory debugger
        -cuda
                     Track GPU events via CUDA
       -cupti Track GPU events via CUPTI (Also see env. variable TAU CUPTI API)
       -opencl Track GPU events via OpenCL
       -openacc
                   Track GPU events via OpenACC (currently PGI only)
                    Track OpenMP events via OMPT interface
       -ompt
                    Track ARMCT events via PARMCT
        -armci
        -ebs
                     Enable event-based sampling
        -ebs period=<count> Sampling period (default 1000)
        -ebs source=<counter> Counter (default itimer)
                    Enable Unified Memory events via CUPTI
       -T <DISABLE, GNU, ICPC, MPI, OMPT, OPENMP, PAPI, PDT, PROFILE, PTHREAD, SCOREP, SERIAL> : Specify TAU tags
       -loadlib=<file.so> : Specify additional load library
       -XrunTAUsh-<options> : Specify TAU library directly
```

Run program in the gdb debugger

Defaults if unspecified: -T MPI

MPI is assumed unless SERIAL is specified

tau\_exec preloads
the TAU wrapper
libraries and
performs
measurements.

No need to recompile the application!



Notes:

-adb



## tau\_exec Example (continued)

```
Example:
    mpirun -np 2 tau exec -T icpc,ompt,mpi -ompt ./a.out
   mpirun -np 2 tau exec -io ./a.out
Example - event-based sampling with samples taken every 1,000,000 FP instructions
    mpirun -np 8 tau exec -ebs -ebs period=1000000 -ebs source=PAPI FP INS ./ring
Examples - GPU:
    tau exec -T serial, cupti -cupti ./matmult (Preferred for CUDA 4.1 or later)
   tau exec -openacc ./a.out
   tau exec -T serial -opencl ./a.out (OPENCL)
    mpirun -np 2 tau exec -T mpi,cupti,papi -cupti -um ./a.out (Unified Virtual Memory in CUDA 6.0+)
qsub mode (IBM BG/Q only):
   Original:
     qsub -n 1 --mode smp -t 10 ./a.out
    With TAU:
     tau exec -qsub -io -memory -- qsub -n 1 ... -t 10 ./a.out
Memory Debugging:
    -memory option:
     Tracks heap allocation/deallocation and memory leaks.
    -memory debug option:
     Detects memory leaks, checks for invalid alignment, and checks for
     array overflow. This is exactly like setting TAU TRACK MEMORY LEAKS=1
     and TAU MEMDBG PROTECT ABOVE=1 and running with -memory
```

tau\_exec can
enable event
based sampling
while launching
the executable
using env
TAU\_SAMPLING=1
or tau\_exec -ebs





### **Event Based Sampling with TAU**

#### Launch paraprof

```
% cd MZ-NPB3.3-MPI; cat README
% make clean;
% make suite
                                                                                          X TAU: ParaProf: /rwthfs/rz/cluster/work/hpclab17/NPB3.3-MZ-MPI/bin
% cd bin
                                                                             File Options Windows Help
                                                                             Metric: TIME
% idev -m 50 -r pearc-tau
                                                                             Value: Exclusive
  source ~tg457572/tau.bashrc
% export OMP NUM THREADS=4
% mpirun -np 4 tau exec -T ompt -ebs ./bt-mz.B.4
                                                                              node 🕮
                                                                              node 1
                                                                                  Show Thread Statistics Text Window
% On head node:
                                                                              node
                                                                              node
% source ~tg457572/tau.bashrc
                                                                              node!
                                                                              node Show Thread Call Path Relations
                                                                                  Show User Event Bar Chart
% paraprof
                                                                                  Show User Event Statistics Window
                                                                                  Show Context Event Window
                                                                                  Show Metadata for Thread
   Right Click on Node 0 and choose
                                                                                  Add Thread to Comparison Window
```

**Show Thread Statistics Table** 

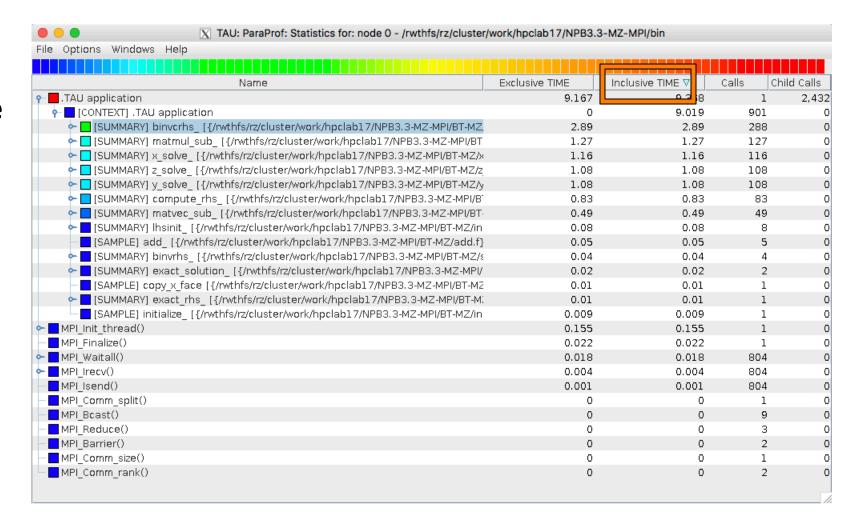




#### **ParaProf**

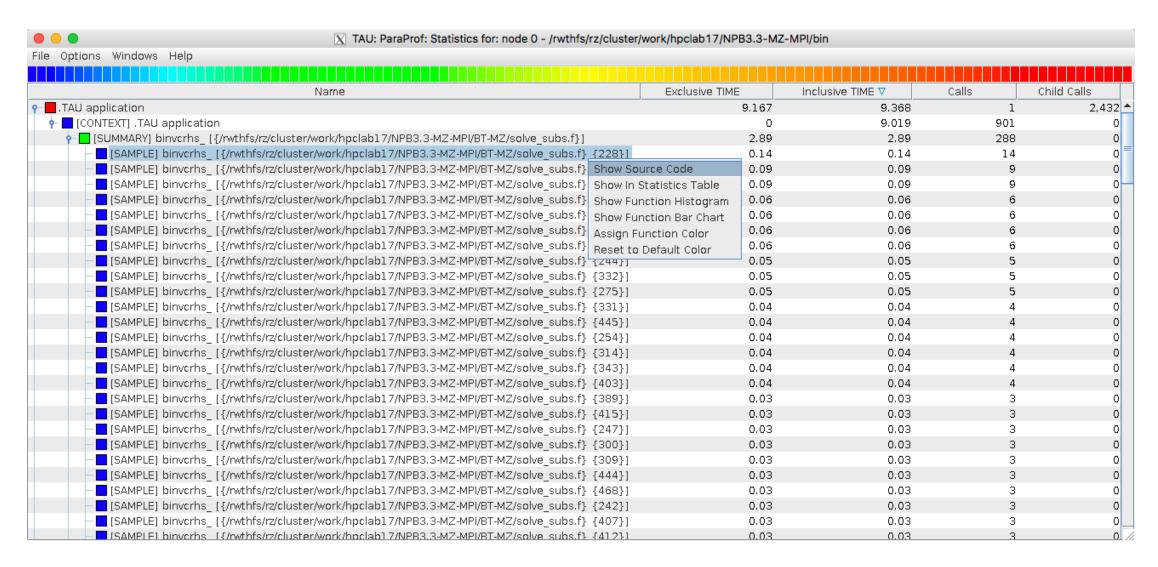
Click on Columns: to sort by incl time

Open binvcrhs
Click on Sample



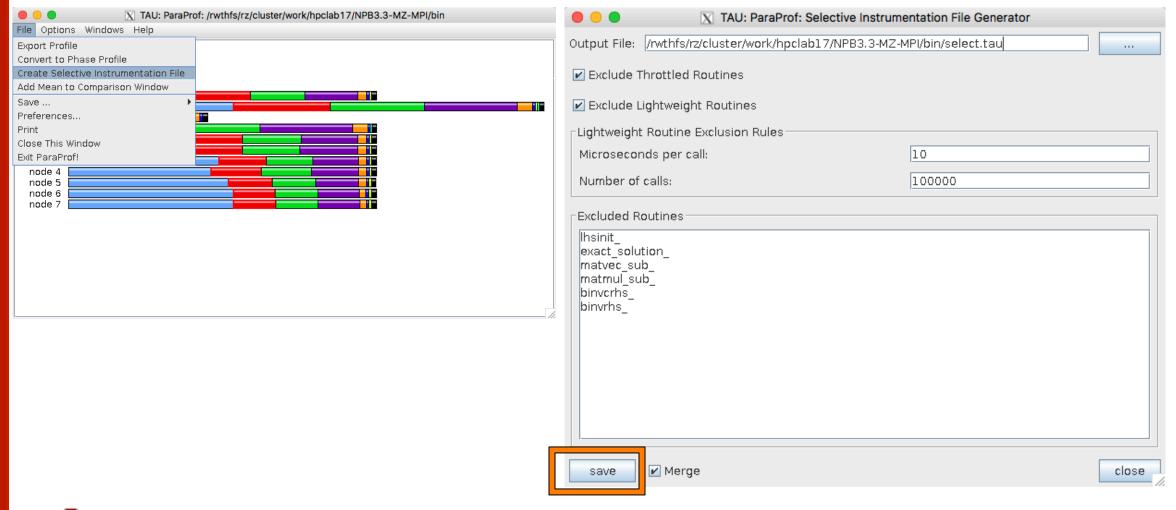


#### **ParaProf**



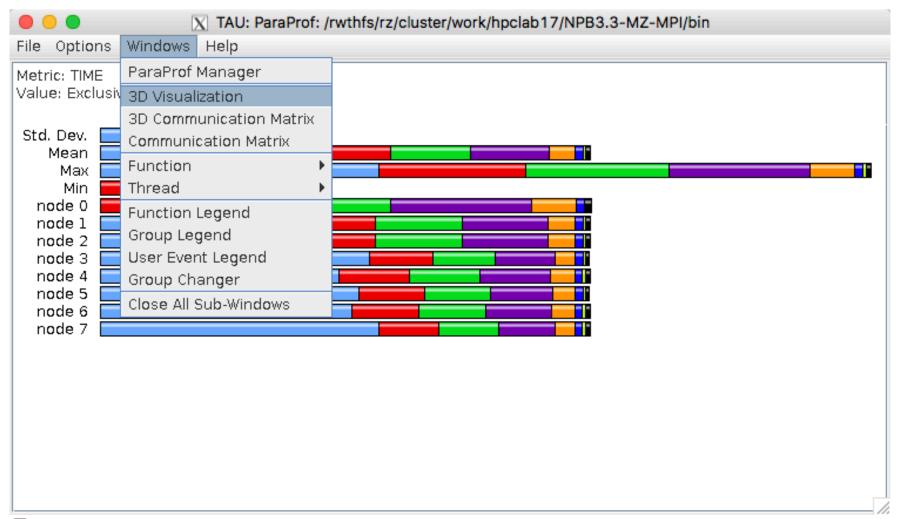


### Create a Selective Instrumentation File, Re-instrument, Re-run



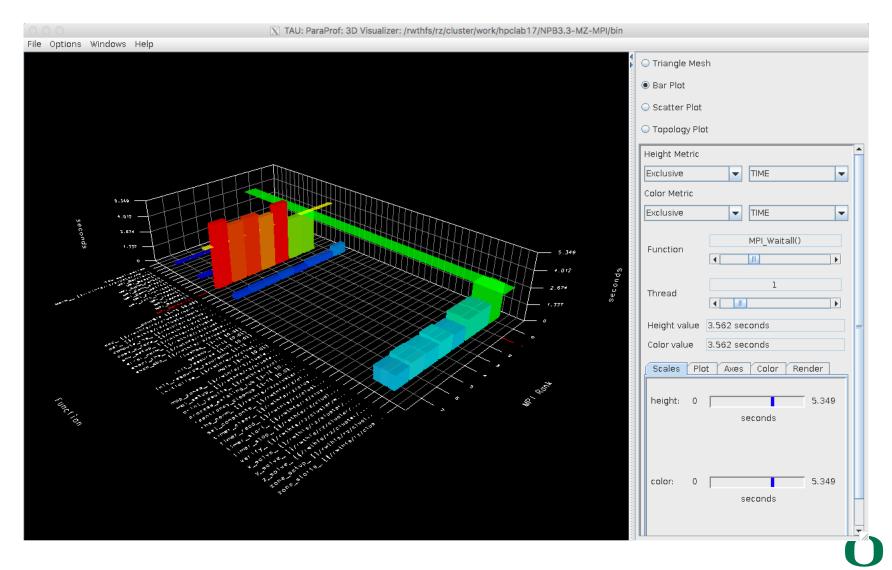


## **ParaProf with Optimized Instrumentation**





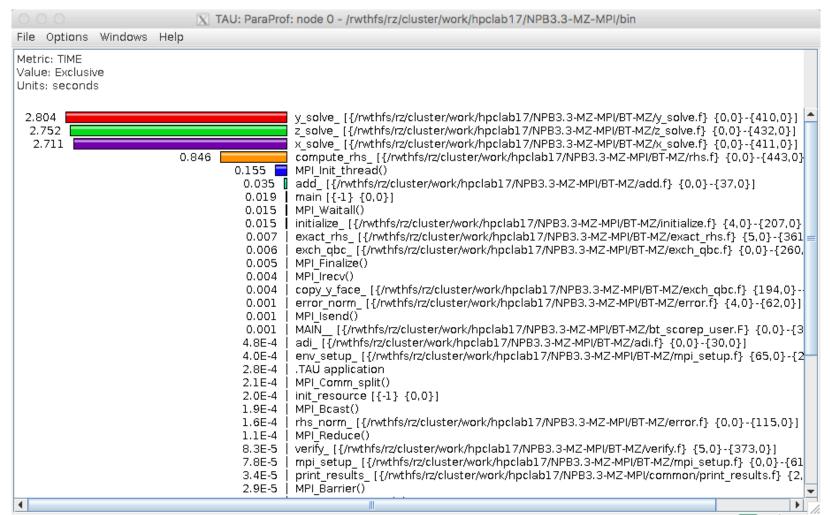
### **3D Visualization with ParaProf**





#### ParaProf: Node 0

# Optimized instrumentation!





## **Compile-Time Options**

# Optional parameters for the TAU\_OPTIONS environment variable: % tau\_compiler.sh

-optVerbose Turn on verbose debugging messages

-optCompInst
 Use compiler based instrumentation

-optNoComplinst Do not revert to compiler instrumentation if source

instrumentation fails.

-optTrackIO Wrap POSIX I/O call and calculates vol/bw of I/O operations

(Requires TAU to be configured with *-iowrapper*)

-optTrackGOMP Enable tracking GNU OpenMP runtime layer (used without –opari)

-optKeepFiles Does not remove intermediate .pdb and .inst.\* files

-optPreProcess Preprocess sources (OpenMP, Fortran) before instrumentation

-optTauSelectFile="<file>" Specify selective instrumentation file for tau\_instrumentor

-optTauWrapFile="<file>" Specify path to link\_options.tau generated by tau\_gen\_wrapper

-optHeaderInstEnable Instrumentation of headers

-optTrackUPCR Track UPC runtime layer routines (used with tau upc.sh)

-optLinking="" Options passed to the linker. Typically

\$(TAU\_MPI\_FLIBS) \$(TAU\_LIBS) \$(TAU\_CXXLIBS)

-optCompile="" Options passed to the compiler. Typically

\$(TAU\_MPI\_INCLUDE) \$(TAU\_INCLUDE) \$(TAU\_DEFS)

-optPdtF95Opts="" Add options for Fortran parser in PDT (f95parse/gfparse) ...





## **Compile-Time Options (contd.)**

# Optional parameters for the TAU\_OPTIONS environment variable: % tau\_compiler.sh

-optShared Use TAU's shared library (libTAU.so) instead of static library (default)

-optPdtCxxOpts="" Options for C++ parser in PDT (cxxparse).

-optPdtF90Parser="" Specify a different Fortran parser

-optPdtCleanscapeParser Specify the Cleanscape Fortran parser instead of GNU gfparser

-optTau="" Specify options to the tau\_instrumentor

-optTrackDMAPP Enable instrumentation of low-level DMAPP API calls on Cray

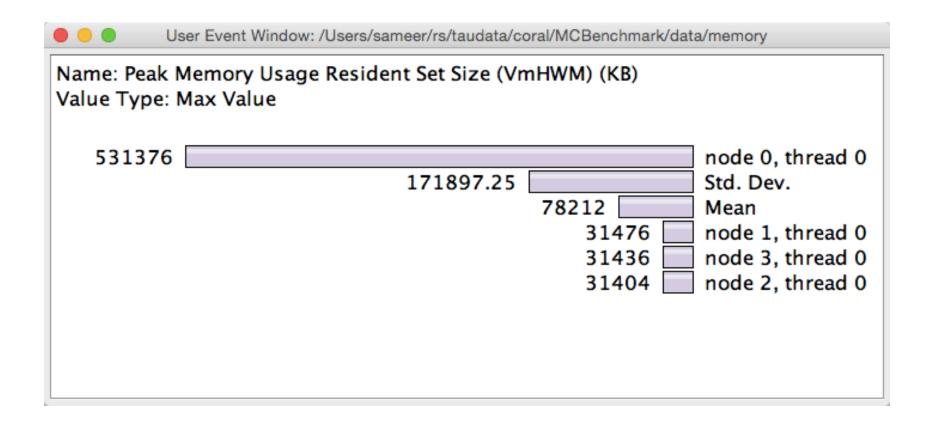
-optTrackPthread Enable instrumentation of pthread calls

See tau compiler.sh for a full list of TAU OPTIONS.

. . .



## **Measuring Memory Footprint**



% export TAU\_TRACK\_MEMORY\_FOOTPRINT=1 Paraprof:

Right click on a node -> Show Context Event Window -> see memory events

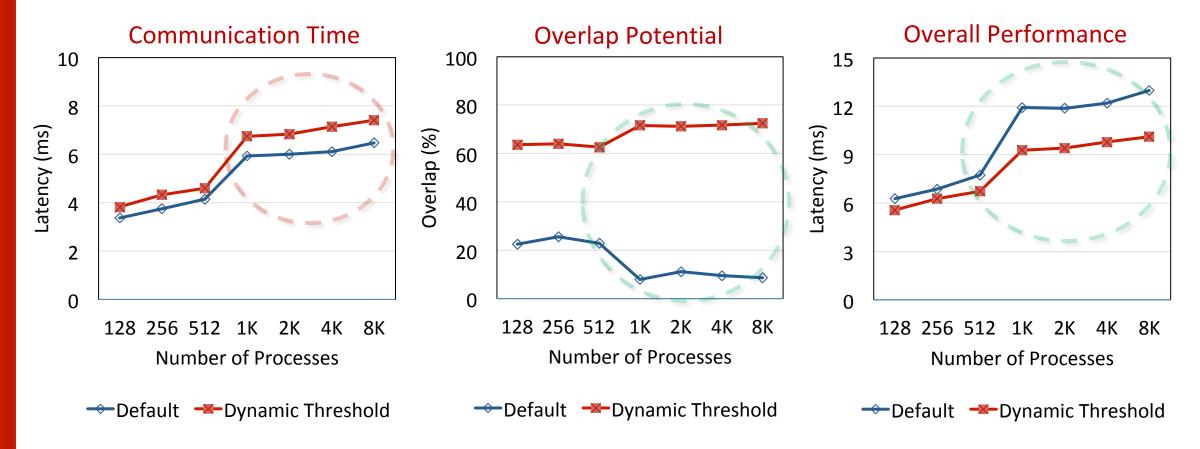


## **Usage Scenarios with MVAPICH2**

- TAU measures the high water mark of total memory usage (TAU\_TRACK\_MEMORY\_FOOTPRINT=1), finds that it is at 98% of available memory, and queries MVAPICH2 to find out how much memory it is using. Based on the number of pools allocated and used, it requests it to reduce the number of VBUF pools and controls the size of the these pools using the MPI-T interface. The total memory memory footprint of the application reduces.
- TAU tracks the message sizes of messages (TAU\_COMM\_MATRIX=1), detects excessive time spent in MPI\_Wait and other synchronization operations. It compares the average message size with the eager threshold and sets the new eager threshold value to match the message size. This could be done offline by re-executing the application with the new CVAR setting for eager threshold or online.
- TAU uses Beacon (backplane for event and control notification) to observe the performance of a running application (for e.g., vbuf pool statistics, high water mark of total and vbuf memory usage, message size statistics).



#### Performance/Overlap with 128KB Messages at Different Process Counts

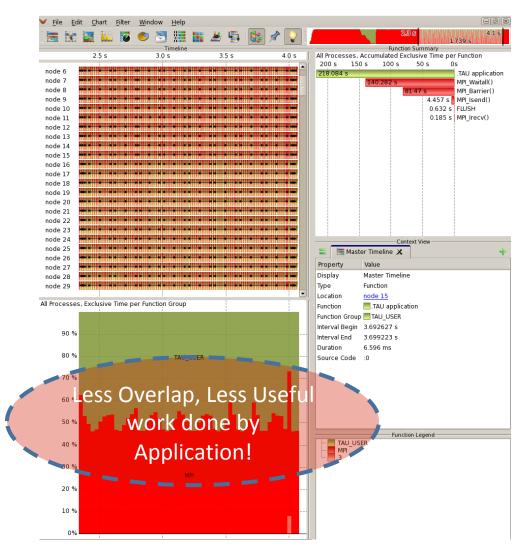


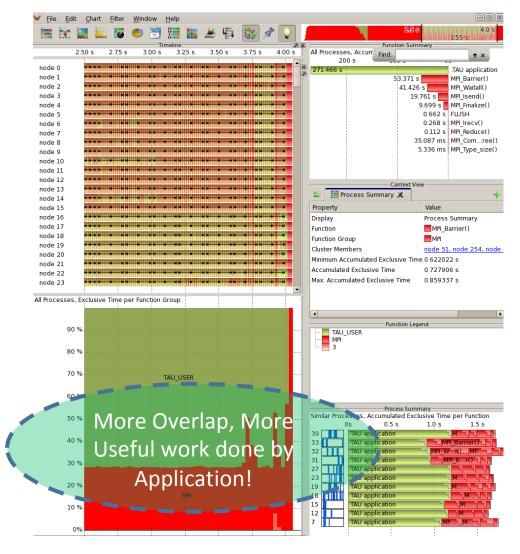
- Dynamic Threshold has degradation in raw communication performance
- Dynamic Threshold has significant benefits for overlap
- Dynamic Threshold better for overall application execution time



## **Introspecting Impact of Eager Threshold on 3D Stencil Benchmark**

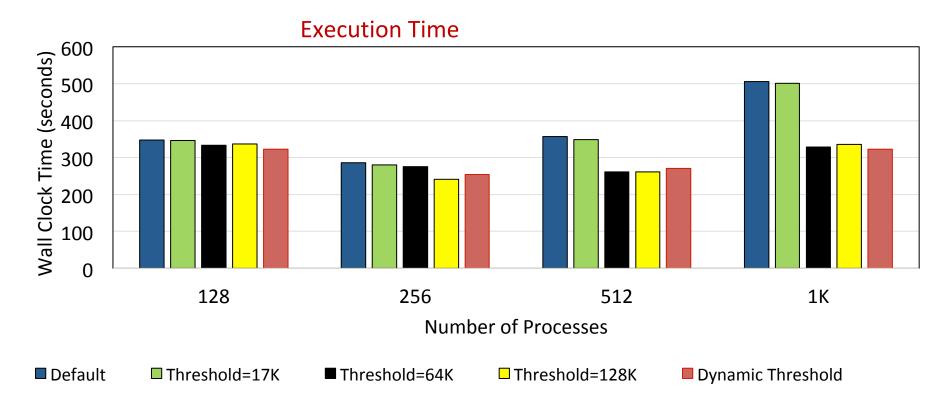
**Default Optimized** 







#### **Performance of Amber at Different Process Counts**

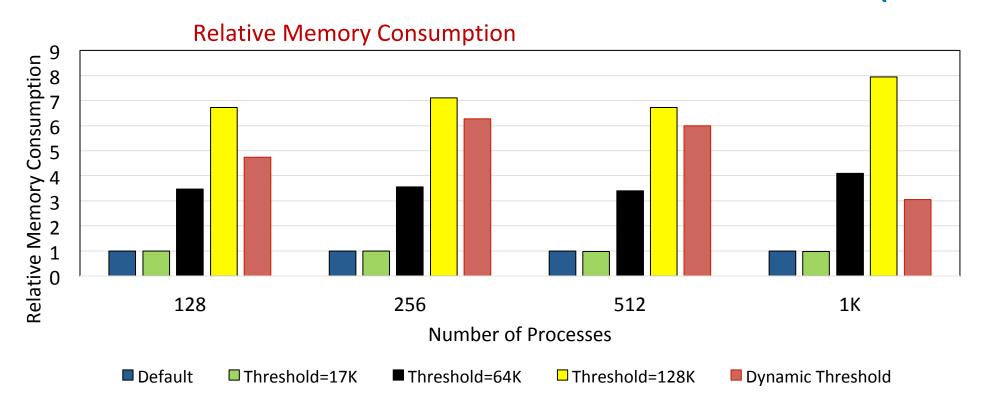


- Optimal values selected manually (Manual Tuning) changes based on job size and problem size
  - Cumbersome, Error prone, and Impractical
- Dynamic Threshold delivers performance on par with best manually tuned version for all job/ problem size





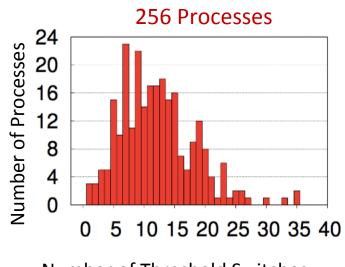
## Performance of Amber at Different Process Counts (Cont.)

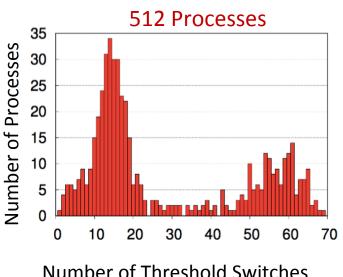


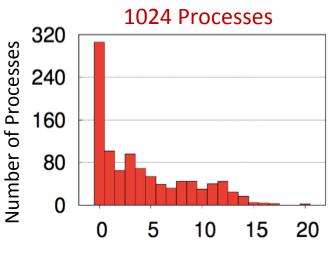
- Default design gives best memory scalability
  - Unable to deliver the best performance
- Dynamic Threshold able to keep memory footprint to what is absolutely needed to obtain performance benefits



## **Analyzing Dynamic Eager-Threshold Changes**





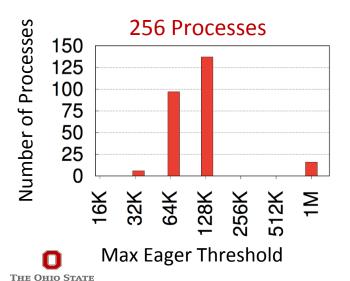


**Number of Threshold Switches** 

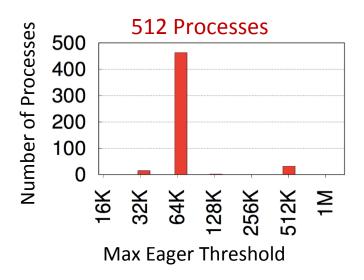
**Number of Threshold Switches** 

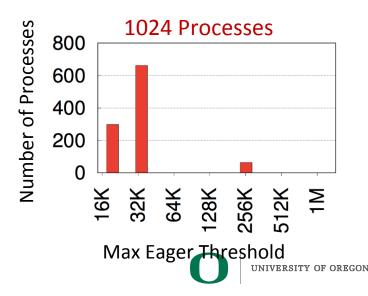
**Number of Threshold Switches** 

Number of Eager switches correspond to larger communication requirements at the application level

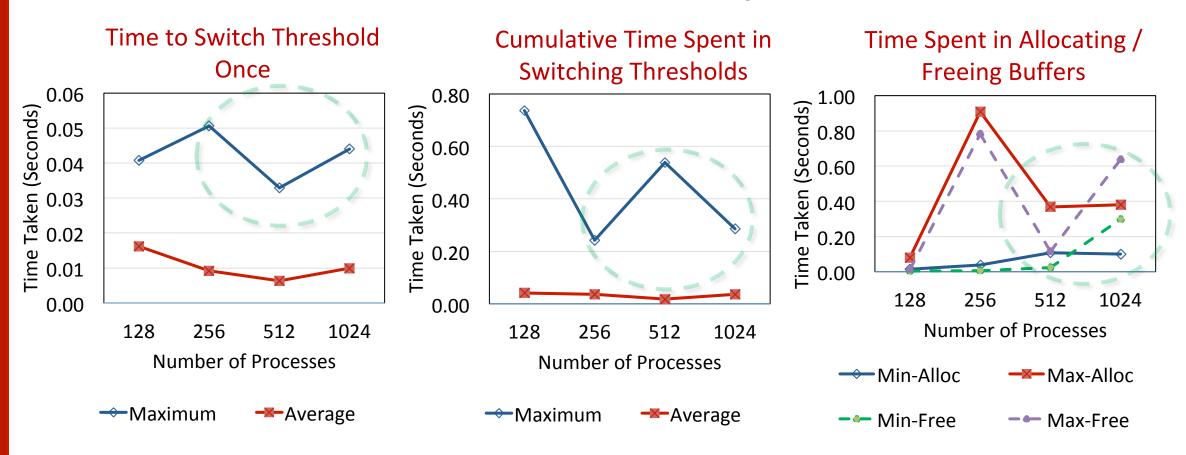


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## Time taken to Switch Thresholds and Allocate/Free Communication Buffers



- Maximum overhead of establishing new connection is very low (~40 ms)
- Maximum cumulative time spent by each process for eager-threshold switching very low (< 0.5 s)
  - Less than 0.1% of overall execution time
- Time for dynamically allocating and freeing internal communication buffers also very low
  - Only a negligible percentage of the overall execution time



## **Other Runtime Environment Variables**

Environment Variable	Default	Description
TAU_TRACE	0	Setting to 1 turns on tracing
TAU_CALLPATH	0	Setting to 1 turns on callpath profiling
TAU_TRACK_MEMORY_FOOTPRINT	0	Setting to 1 turns on tracking memory usage by sampling periodically the resident set size and high water mark of memory usage
TAU_SELECT_FILE		Specify the path to runtime selective instrumentation file for filtering events using exclude and include lists of routines and/or files.
TAU_CALLPATH_DEPTH	2	Specifies depth of callpath. Setting to 0 generates no callpath or routine information, setting to 1 generates flat profile and context events have just parent information (e.g., Heap Entry: foo)
TAU_SAMPLING	0	Setting to 1 enables event-based sampling.
TAU_TRACK_SIGNALS	0	Setting to 1 generate debugging callstack info when a program crashes
TAU_COMM_MATRIX	0	Setting to 1 generates communication matrix display using context events
TAU_THROTTLE	1	Setting to 0 turns off throttling. Enabled by default to remove instrumentation in lightweight routines that are called frequently
TAU_THROTTLE_NUMCALLS	100000	Specifies the number of calls before testing for throttling
TAU_THROTTLE_PERCALL	10	Specifies value in microseconds. Throttle a routine if it is called over 100000 times and takes less than 10 usec of inclusive time per call
TAU_COMPENSATE	0	Setting to 1 enables runtime compensation of instrumentation overhead
TAU_PROFILE_FORMAT	Profile	Setting to "merged" generates a single file. "snapshot" generates xml format
TAU_METRICS	TIME	Setting to a comma separated list generates other metrics. (e.g., TIME,ENERGY,PAPI_FP_INS,PAPI_NATIVE_ <event>:<subevent>)</subevent></event>

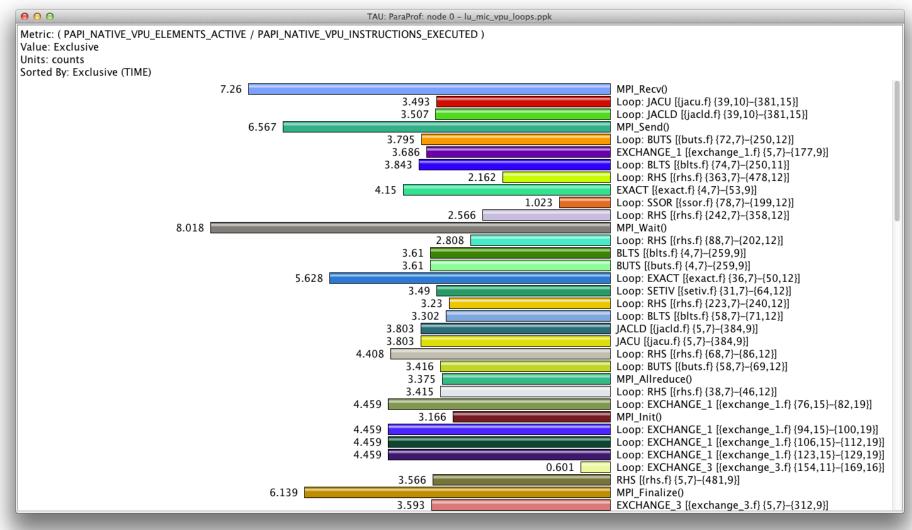


# Runtime Environment Variables (contd.)

Environment Variable	Default	Description
TAU_TRACK_MEMORY_LEAKS	0	Tracks allocates that were not de-allocated (needs –optMemDbg or tau_exec –memory)
TAU_EBS_SOURCE	TIME	Allows using PAPI hardware counters for periodic interrupts for EBS (e.g., TAU_EBS_SOURCE=PAPI_TOT_INS when TAU_SAMPLING=1)
TAU_EBS_PERIOD	100000	Specifies the overflow count for interrupts
TAU_MEMDBG_ALLOC_MIN/MAX	0	Byte size minimum and maximum subject to bounds checking (used with TAU_MEMDBG_PROTECT_*)
TAU_MEMDBG_OVERHEAD	0	Specifies the number of bytes for TAU's memory overhead for memory debugging.
TAU_MEMDBG_PROTECT_BELOW/ ABOVE	0	Setting to 1 enables tracking runtime bounds checking below or above the array bounds (requires –optMemDbg while building or tau_exec –memory)
TAU_MEMDBG_ZERO_MALLOC	0	Setting to 1 enables tracking zero byte allocations as invalid memory allocations.
TAU_MEMDBG_PROTECT_FREE	0	Setting to 1 detects invalid accesses to deallocated memory that should not be referenced until it is reallocated (requires –optMemDbg or tau_exec – memory)
TAU_MEMDBG_ATTEMPT_CONTINUE	0	Setting to 1 allows TAU to record and continue execution when a memory error occurs at runtime.
TAU_MEMDBG_FILL_GAP	Undefined	Initial value for gap bytes
TAU_MEMDBG_ALINGMENT	sizeof(int)	Byte alignment for memory allocations
TAU_EVENT_THRESHOLD	0.5	Define a threshold value (e.g., .25 is 25%) to trigger marker events for min/max



### **Evaluating Extent of Vectorization on MIC**

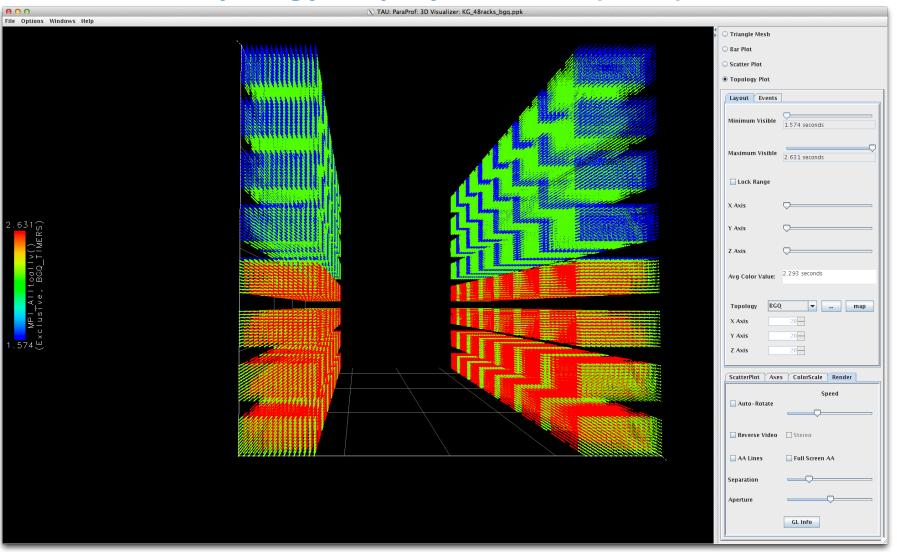


% export TAU\_MAKEFILE=\$TAUROOT/mic\_linux/lib/Makefile.tau-papi-mpi-pdt % export TAU\_METRICS=TIME,

PAPI\_NATIVE\_VPU\_ELEMENTS\_ACTIVE,PAPI\_NATIVE\_VPU\_INSTRUCTIONS\_EXECUTED

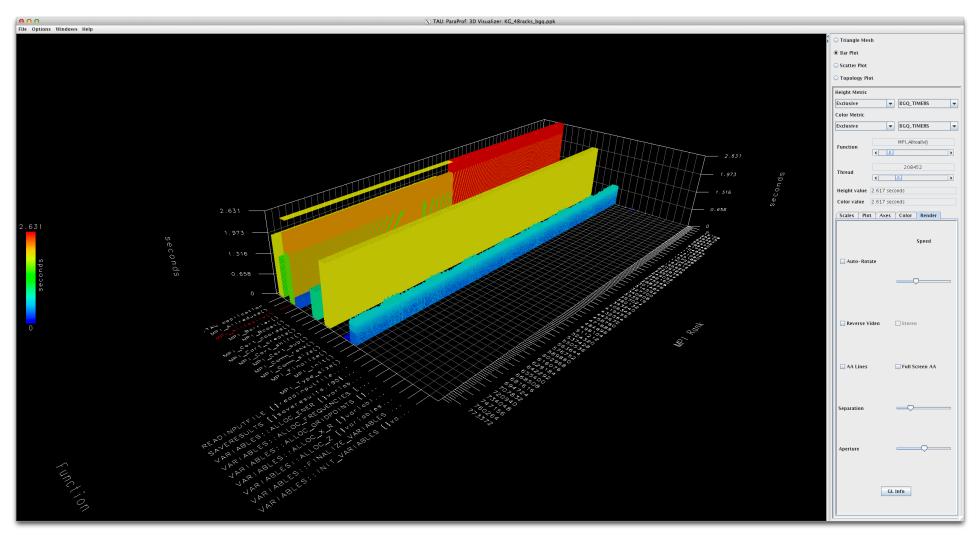


## ParaProf's Topology Display Window (BGQ)





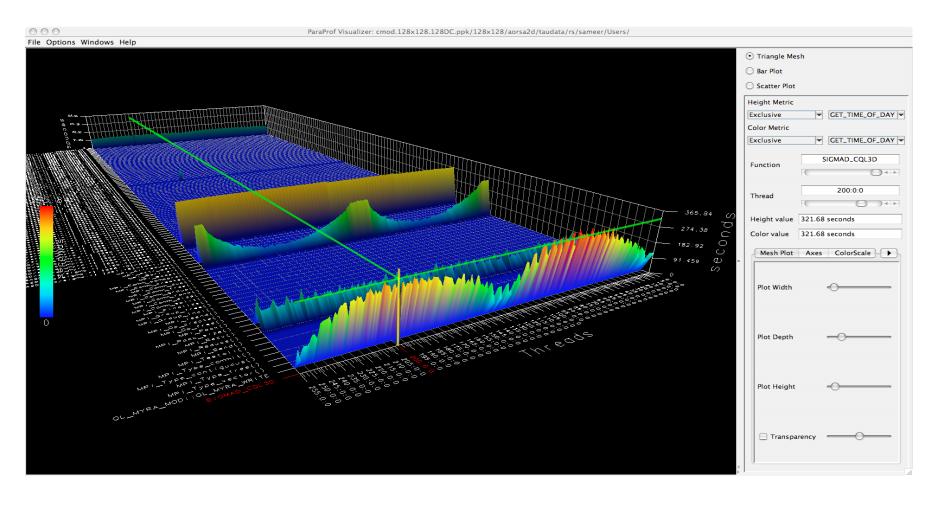
## ParaProf's Scalable 3D Visualization (BGQ)



786,432 ranks

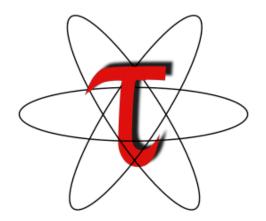


## **ParaProf 3D Profile Browser**





# **Download TAU from U. Oregon**



http://www.hpclinux.com [OVA file]

http://tau.uoregon.edu/tau.tgz

for more information

Free download, open source, BSD license





# PRL, University of Oregon, Eugene









www.uoregon.edu



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#### **Department of Defense (DoD)**

PETTT, HPCMP

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**NASA** 

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- University of Tennessee, Knoxville
- •T.U. Dresden, GWT
- •Jülich Supercomputing Center









































